Low Supply Voltage Range: 1.8 V to 3.6 V

Ultralow Power Consumption

- Active Mode: 250 μA at 1 MHz, 2.2 V

- Standby Mode: 0.7 μA

- Off Mode (RAM Retention): 0.1 μ A

 Ultrafast Wake-Up From Standby Mode in less than 1 μs

 16-Bit RISC Architecture, 62.5 ns Instruction Cycle Time

Basic Clock Module Configurations:

 Internal Frequencies up to 16MHz With Four Calibrated Frequencies to ±1%

- 32-kHz Crystal

- High-Frequency Crystal up to 16MHz

- Resonator

- External Digital Clock Source

 16-Bit Timer_A With Three Capture/Compare Registers

 On-Chip Comparator for Analog Signal Compare Function or Slope A/D Conversion

Brownout Detector

 Serial Onboard Programming, No External Programming Voltage Needed Programmable Code Protection by Security Fuse

Bootstrap Loader

On Chip Emulation Module

• Family Members Include:

MSP430F2101: 1KB + 256B Flash Memory

128B RAM

MSP430F2111: 2KB + 256B Flash Memory

128B RAM

MSP430F2121: 4KB + 256B Flash Memory

256B RAM

MSP430F2131: 8KB + 256B Flash Memory

256B RAM

 Available in a 20-Pin Plastic Small-Outline Wide Body (SOWB) Package, 20-Pin Plastic Small-Outline Thin (TSSOP) Package, 20-Pin TVSOP and 24-Pin QFN

 For Complete Module Descriptions, See the MSP430x2xx Family User's Guide (SLAU144)

description

The Texas Instruments MSP430 family of ultralow-power microcontrollers consist of several devices featuring different sets of peripherals targeted for various applications. The architecture, combined with five low-power modes, is optimized to achieve extended battery life in portable measurement applications. The device features a powerful 16-bit RISC CPU, 16-bit registers, and constant generators that contribute to maximum code efficiency. The digitally controlled oscillator (DCO) allows wake-up from low-power modes to active mode in less than 1 us.

The MSP430x21x1 series is an ultralow-power mixed signal microcontroller with a built-in 16-bit timer, versatile analog comparator, and sixteen I/O pins.

Typical applications include sensor systems that capture analog signals, convert them to digital values, and then process the data for display or for transmission to a host system. Stand-alone RF sensor front end is another area of application. The analog comparator provides slope A/D conversion capability.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

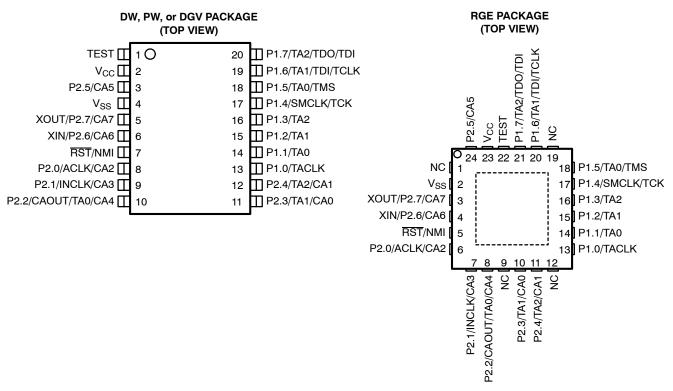
| | | PACKAGEI | DEVICES | |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| T _A | PLASTIC | PLASTIC | PLASTIC | PLASTIC |
| | 20-PIN SOWB | 20-PIN TSSOP | 20-PIN TVSOP | 24-PIN QFN |
| | (DW) | (PW) | (DGV) | (RGE) |
| -40°C to 85°C | MSP430F2101IDW | MSP430F2101IPW | MSP430F2101IDGV | MSP430F2101IRGE |
| | MSP430F2111IDW | MSP430F2111IPW | MSP430F2111IDGV | MSP430F2111IRGE |
| | MSP430F2121IDW | MSP430F2121IPW | MSP430F2121IDGV | MSP430F2121IRGE |
| | MSP430F2131IDW | MSP430F2131IPW | MSP430F2131IDGV | MSP430F2131IRGE |
| -40°C to 105°C | MSP430F2101TDW | MSP430F2101TPW | MSP430F2101TDGV | MSP430F2101TRGE |
| | MSP430F2111TDW | MSP430F2111TPW | MSP430F2111TDGV | MSP430F2111TRGE |
| | MSP430F2121TDW | MSP430F2121TPW | MSP430F2121TDGV | MSP430F2121TRGE |
| | MSP430F2131TDW | MSP430F2131TPW | MSP430F2131TDGV | MSP430F2131TRGE |



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

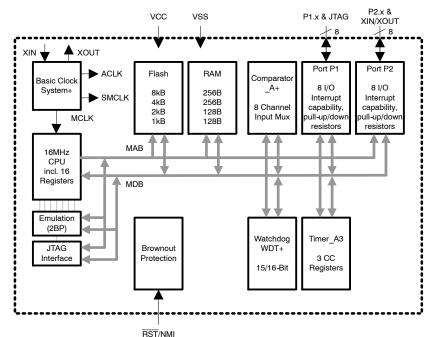


device pinout



Note: NC pins not internally connected Power Pad connection to V_{SS} recommended

functional block diagram



NOTE: See port schematics section for detailed I/O information.

Terminal Functions

| | TERMINAL | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------|-----|--|
| | DW, PW, or DGV | RGE | | DESCRIPTION |
| NAME | NO. | NO. | I/O | |
| P1.0/TACLK | 13 | 13 | I/O | General-purpose digital I/O pin Timer_A, clock signal TACLK input |
| P1.1/TA0 | 14 | 14 | I/O | General-purpose digital I/O pin Timer_A, capture: CCl0A input, compare: Out0 output/BSL transmit |
| P1.2/TA1 | 15 | 15 | I/O | General-purpose digital I/O pin Timer_A, capture: CCI1A input, compare: Out1 output |
| P1.3/TA2 | 16 | 16 | I/O | General-purpose digital I/O pin Timer_A, capture: CCI2A input, compare: Out2 output |
| P1.4/SMCLK/TCK | 17 | 17 | I/O | General-purpose digital I/O pin / SMCLK signal output Test Clock input for device programming and test |
| P1.5/TA0/TMS | 18 | 18 | I/O | General-purpose digital I/O pin / Timer_A, compare: Out0 output Test Mode Select input for device programming and test |
| P1.6/TA1/TDI/TCLK | 19 | 20 | I/O | General-purpose digital I/O pin / Timer_A, compare: Out1 output Test Data Input or Test Clock Input for programming and test |
| P1.7/TA2/TDO/TDI [†] | 20 | 21 | I/O | General-purpose digital I/O pin / Timer_A, compare: Out2 output Test Data Output or Test Data Input for programming and test |
| P2.0/ACLK/CA2 | 8 | 6 | I/O | General-purpose digital I/O pin / ACLK output Comparator_A+, CA2 input |
| P2.1/INCLK/CA3 | 9 | 7 | I/O | General-purpose digital I/O pin / Timer_A, clock signal at INCLK Comparator_A+, CA3 input |
| P2.2/CAOUT/ TA0/CA4 | 10 | 8 | I/O | General-purpose digital I/O pin Timer_A, capture: CCI0B input/BSL receive Comparator_A+, output / CA4 input |
| P2.3/CA0/TA1 | 11 | 10 | I/O | General-purpose digital I/O pin / Timer_A, compare: Out1 output Comparator_A+, CA0 input |
| P2.4/CA1/TA2 | 12 | 11 | I/O | General-purpose digital I/O pin / Timer_A, compare: Out2 output Comparator_A+, CA1 input |
| P2.5/CA5 | 3 | 24 | I/O | General-purpose digital I/O pin Comparator_A+, CA5 input |
| XIN/P2.6/CA6 | 6 | 4 | I/O | Input terminal of crystal oscillator General-purpose digital I/O pin Comparator_A+, CA6 input |
| XOUT/P2.7/CA7 | 5 | 3 | I/O | Output terminal of crystal oscillator general-purpose digital I/O pin Comparator_A+, CA7 input |
| RST/NMI | 7 | 5 | ı | Reset or nonmaskable interrupt input |
| TEST | 1 | 22 | I | Selects test mode for JTAG pins on Port1. The device protection fuse is connected to TEST. |
| V _{CC} | 2 | 23 | | Supply voltage |
| V _{SS} | 4 | 2 | | Ground reference |
| QFN Pad | NA | Package Pad | NA | QFN package pad connection to V _{SS} recommended. |

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ TDO or TDI is selected via JTAG instruction.

NOTE: If XOUT/P2.7/CA7 is used as an input, excess current will flow until P2SEL.7 is cleared. This is due to the oscillator output driver connection to this pad after reset.



short-form description

CPU

The MSP430 CPU has a 16-bit RISC architecture that is highly transparent to the application. All operations, other than program-flow instructions, are performed as register operations in conjunction with seven addressing modes for source operand and four addressing modes for destination operand.

The CPU is integrated with 16 registers that provide reduced instruction execution time. The register-to-register operation execution time is one cycle of the CPU clock.

Four of the registers, R0 to R3, are dedicated as program counter, stack pointer, status register, and constant generator, respectively. The remaining registers are general-purpose registers.

Peripherals are connected to the CPU using data, address, and control buses, and can be handled with all instructions.

instruction set

The instruction set consists of 51 instructions with three formats and seven address modes. Each instruction can operate on word and byte data. Table 1 shows examples of the three types of instruction formats; Table 2 shows the address modes.



Table 1. Instruction Word Formats

| Dual operands, source-destination | e.g. ADD R4,R5 | R4 + R5> R5 |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| Single operands, destination only | e.g. CALL R8 | PC>(TOS), R8> PC |
| Relative jump, un/conditional | e.g. JNE | Jump-on-equal bit = 0 |

Table 2. Address Mode Descriptions

| ADDRESS MODE | s | D | SYNTAX | EXAMPLE | OPERATION |
|------------------------|---|---|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Register | • | • | MOV Rs,Rd | MOV R10,R11 | R10> R11 |
| Indexed | • | • | MOV X(Rn),Y(Rm) | MOV 2(R5),6(R6) | M(2+R5)> M(6+R6) |
| Symbolic (PC relative) | • | • | MOV EDE,TONI | | M(EDE)> M(TONI) |
| Absolute | • | • | MOV &MEM,&TCDAT | | M(MEM)> M(TCDAT) |
| Indirect | • | | MOV @Rn,Y(Rm) | MOV @R10,Tab(R6) | M(R10)> M(Tab+R6) |
| Indirect autoincrement | • | | MOV @Rn+,Rm | MOV @R10+,R11 | M(R10)> R11 R10 + 2> R10 |
| Immediate | • | | MOV #X,TONI | MOV #45,TONI | #45> M(TONI) |

NOTE: S = source D = destination



operating modes

The MSP430 has one active mode and five software selectable low-power modes of operation. An interrupt event can wake up the device from any of the five low-power modes, service the request, and restore back to the low-power mode on return from the interrupt program.

The following six operating modes can be configured by software:

- Active mode (AM)
 - All clocks are active
- Low-power mode 0 (LPM0)
 - CPU is disabled
 - ACLK and SMCLK remain active. MCLK is disabled
- Low-power mode 1 (LPM1)
 - CPU is disabled
 - ACLK and SMCLK remain active. MCLK is disabled
 - DCO's dc-generator is disabled if DCO not used in active mode
- Low-power mode 2 (LPM2)
 - CPU is disabled
 - MCLK and SMCLK are disabled
 - DCO's dc-generator remains enabled
 - ACLK remains active
- Low-power mode 3 (LPM3)
 - CPU is disabled
 - MCLK and SMCLK are disabled
 - DCO's dc-generator is disabled
 - ACLK remains active
- Low-power mode 4 (LPM4)
 - CPU is disabled
 - ACLK is disabled
 - MCLK and SMCLK are disabled
 - DCO's dc-generator is disabled
 - Crystal oscillator is stopped



interrupt vector addresses

The interrupt vectors and the power-up starting address are located in the address range of 0FFFFh to 0FFC0h. The vector contains the 16-bit address of the appropriate interrupt handler instruction sequence.

If the reset vector (located at address 0FFFEh) contains 0FFFFh (for example, flash is not programmed) the CPU goes into LPM4 immediately after power-up.

| INTERRUPT SOURCE | INTERRUPT FLAG | SYSTEM INTERRUPT | WORD ADDRESS | PRIORITY |
|---|--|--|------------------|-----------------|
| Power-up External reset Watchdog Flash key violation PC out-of-range (see Note 1) | PORIFG RSTIFG WDTIFG KEYV (see Note 2) | Reset | 0FFFEh | 31, highest |
| NMI Oscillator fault Flash memory access violation | NMIIFG OFIFG ACCVIFG (see Notes 2 and 4) | (non)-maskable, (non)-maskable, (non)-maskable | 0FFFCh | 30 |
| | | | 0FFFAh | 29 |
| | | | 0FFF8h | 28 |
| Comparator_A+ | CAIFG | maskable | 0FFF6h | 27 |
| Watchdog Timer+ | WDTIFG | maskable | 0FFF4h | 26 |
| Timer_A3 | TACCR0 CCIFG (see Note 3) | maskable | 0FFF2h | 25 |
| Timer_A3 | TACCR2, TACCR1 CCIFG, TAIFG (see Notes 2 and 3) | maskable | 0FFF0h | 24 |
| | | | 0FFEEh | 23 |
| | | | 0FFECh | 22 |
| | | | 0FFEAh | 21 |
| | | | 0FFE8h | 20 |
| I/O Port P2 (eight flags) | P2IFG.0 to P2IFG.7 (see Notes 2 and 3) | maskable | 0FFE6h | 19 |
| I/O Port P1 (eight flags) | P1IFG.0 to P1IFG.7 (see Notes 2 and 3) | maskable | 0FFE4h | 18 |
| | | | 0FFE2h | 17 |
| | | | 0FFE0h | 16 |
| (see Note 5) | | | 0FFDEh | 15 |
| (see Note 6) | | | 0FFDCh to 0FFC0h | 14 to 0, lowest |

NOTES: 1. A reset is generated if the CPU tries to fetch instructions from within the module register memory address range (0h to 01FFh).

- Multiple source flags
 - 3. Interrupt flags are located in the module
 - 4. (non)-maskable: the individual interrupt-enable bit can disable an interrupt event, but the general interrupt enable cannot.
 - 5. This location is used as bootstrap loader security key (BSLSKEY).
 - A value of 0AA55h at this location disables the BSL completely.
 - A value of 0h disables the erasure of the flash if an invalid password is supplied.
 - 6. The interrupt vectors at addresses 0FFDCh to 0FFC0h are not used in this device and can be used for regular program code if necessary.



special function registers

Most interrupt and module enable bits are collected into the lowest address space. Special function register bits not allocated to a functional purpose are not physically present in the device. Simple software access is provided with this arrangement.

interrupt enable 1 and 2

| Address | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|---|---|--------|-------|---|---|------|-------|
| 0h | | | ACCVIE | NMIIE | | | OFIE | WDTIE |
| | | | rw-0 | rw-0 | | | rw-0 | rw-0 |

WDTIE: Watchdog Timer interrupt enable. Inactive if watchdog mode is selected. Active if Watchdog Timer

is configured in interval timer mode.

OFIE: Oscillator fault enable

NMIIE: (Non)maskable interrupt enable

ACCVIE: Flash access violation interrupt enable

| Address | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 01h | | | | | | | | |

interrupt flag register 1 and 2

| Address | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|---|---|---|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|
| 02h | | | | NMIIFG | RSTIFG | PORIFG | OFIFG | WDTIFG |
| | | | | rw-0 | rw-(0) | rw-(1) | rw-1 | rw-(0) |

WDTIFG: Set on Watchdog Timer overflow (in watchdog mode) or security key violation.

Reset on V_{CC} power-up or a reset condition at RST/NMI pin in reset mode.

OFIFG: Flag set on oscillator fault

RSTIFG: External reset interrupt flag. Set on a reset condition at \overline{RST}/NMI pin in reset mode. Reset on V_{CC}

power-up

PORIFG: Power-On Reset interrupt flag. Set on V_{CC} power-up.

NMIIFG: Set via RST/NMI-pin

| Address | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 03h | | | | | | | | |

Legend rw: Bit can be read and written.

rw-0,1: Bit can be read and written. It is Reset or Set by PUC.rw-(0,1): Bit can be read and written. It is Reset or Set by POR.

SFR bit is not present in device



memory organization

| | | MSP430F2101 | MSP430F2111 | MSP430F2121 | MSP430F2131 |
|------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Memory | Size | 1KB Flash | 2KB Flash | 4KB Flash | 8KB Flash |
| Main: interrupt vector | Flash | 0FFFFh-0FFE0h | 0FFFFh-0FFE0h | 0FFFFh-0FFE0h | 0FFFFh-0FFE0h |
| Main: code memory | Flash | 0FFFFh-0FC00h | 0FFFFh-0F800h | 0FFFFh-0F000h | 0FFFFh-0E000h |
| Information memory | Size | 256 Byte | 256 Byte | 256 Byte | 256 Byte |
| | Flash | 010FFh - 01000h | 010FFh - 01000h | 010FFh - 01000h | 010FFh - 01000h |
| Boot memory | Size | 1KB | 1KB | 1KB | 1KB |
| | ROM | 0FFFh - 0C00h | 0FFFh - 0C00h | 0FFFh - 0C00h | 0FFFh - 0C00h |
| RAM | Size | 128 Byte 027Fh - 0200h | 128 Byte 027Fh - 0200h | 256 Byte 02FFh - 0200h | 256 Byte 02FFh - 0200h |
| Peripherals | 16-bit | 01FFh - 0100h | 01FFh - 0100h | 01FFh - 0100h | 01FFh - 0100h |
| | 8-bit | 0FFh - 010h | 0FFh - 010h | 0FFh - 010h | 0FFh - 010h |
| | 8-bit SFR | 0Fh - 00h | 0Fh - 00h | 0Fh - 00h | 0Fh - 00h |

bootstrap loader (BSL)

The MSP430 bootstrap loader (BSL) enables users to program the flash memory or RAM using a UART serial interface. Access to the MSP430 memory via the BSL is protected by user-defined password. A bootstrap loader security key is provided at address 0FFDEh to disable the BSL completely or to disable the erasure of the flash if an invalid password is supplied. For complete description of the features of the BSL and its implementation, see the *MSP430 Programming Via the Bootstrap Loader User's Guide* (SLAU319).

| BSLKEY | DESCRIPTION | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| 00000h | Erasure of flash disabled if an invalid password is supplied | |
| 0AA55h | BSL disabled | |
| any other value | BSL enabled | |

| BSL FUNCTION | DW, PW, DGV PACKAGE PINS | RGE PACKAGE PINS |
|---------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| Data Transmit | 14 - P1.1 | 14 - P1.1 |
| Data Receive | 10 - P2.2 | 8 - P2.2 |

flash memory

The flash memory can be programmed via the JTAG port, the bootstrap loader, or in-system by the CPU. The CPU can perform single-byte and single-word writes to the flash memory. Features of the flash memory include:

- Flash memory has n segments of main memory and four segments of information memory (A to D) of 64 bytes each. Each segment in main memory is 512 bytes in size.
- Segments 0 to n may be erased in one step, or each segment may be individually erased.
- Segments A to D can be erased individually, or as a group with segments 0 to n.
 Segments A to D are also called *information memory*.
- Segment A contains calibration data. After reset segment A is protected against programming or erasing.
 It can be unlocked but care should be taken not to erase this segment if the calibration data is required.



peripherals

Peripherals are connected to the CPU through data, address, and control busses and can be handled using all instructions. For complete module descriptions, refer to the MSP430x2xx Family User's Guide.

oscillator and system clock

The clock system is supported by the basic clock module that includes support for a 32768-Hz watch crystal oscillator, an internal digitally-controlled oscillator (DCO) and a high frequency crystal oscillator. The basic clock module is designed to meet the requirements of both low system cost and low-power consumption. The internal DCO provides a fast turn-on clock source and stabilizes in less than 1 μ s. The basic clock module provides the following clock signals:

- Auxiliary clock (ACLK), sourced from a 32768-Hz watch crystal or a high frequency crystal.
- Main clock (MCLK), the system clock used by the CPU.
- Sub-Main clock (SMCLK), the sub-system clock used by the peripheral modules.

| DCO CALIBRATION DATA (PROVIDED FROM FACTORY IN FLASH INFO MEMORY SEGMENT A) | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| DCO FREQUENCY | CALIBRATION REGISTER | SIZE | ADDRESS | | | | |
| 1 MHz | CALBC1_1MHZ | byte | 010FFh | | | | |
| | CALDCO_1MHZ | byte | 010FEh | | | | |
| 8 MHz | CALBC1_8MHZ | byte | 010FDh | | | | |
| | CALDCO_8MHZ | byte | 010FCh | | | | |
| 12 MHz | CALBC1_12MHZ | byte | 010FBh | | | | |
| | CALDCO_12MHZ | byte | 010FAh | | | | |
| 16 MHz | CALBC1_16MHZ | byte | 010F9h | | | | |
| | CALDCO_16MHZ | byte | 010F8h | | | | |

brownout

The brownout circuit is implemented to provide the proper internal reset signal to the device during power on and power off.

digital I/O

There are two 8-bit I/O ports implemented—ports P1 and P2:

- All individual I/O bits are independently programmable.
- Any combination of input, output, and interrupt conditions is possible.
- Edge-selectable interrupt input capability for all the eight bits of port P1 and P2.
- Read/write access to port-control registers is supported by all instructions.
- Each I/O has an individually programmable pull-up/pull-down resistor.

WDT+ watchdog timer

The primary function of the watchdog timer (WDT+) module is to perform a controlled system restart after a software problem occurs. If the selected time interval expires, a system reset is generated. If the watchdog function is not needed in an application, the module can be configured as an interval timer and can generate interrupts at selected time intervals.



Comparator_A+

The primary function of the Comparator_A+ module is to support precision slope analog-to-digital conversions, battery-voltage supervision, and monitoring of external analog signals.

Timer_A3

Timer_A3 is a 16-bit timer/counter with three capture/compare registers. Timer_A3 can support multiple capture/compares, PWM outputs, and interval timing. Timer_A3 also has extensive interrupt capabilities. Interrupts may be generated from the counter on overflow conditions and from each of the capture/compare registers.

| | | | TIMER_A3 SIGNAL | CONNECTIONS | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|-----------|--|--|
| INPUT PIN N | IUMBER | DEVICE INPUT | MODULE INPUT | MODULE | MODULE | OUTPUT PIN | NUMBER | | |
| DW, PW, DGV | RGE | SIGNAL | NAME | BLOCK | OUTPUT SIGNAL | DW, PW, DGV | RGE | | |
| 13 - P1.0 | 13 - P1.0 | TACLK | TACLK | | | | | | |
| | | ACLK | ACLK | - | | | | | |
| | | SMCLK | SMCLK | Timer | NA | | | | |
| 9 - P2.1 | 7 - P2.1 | INCLK | INCLK | | | | | | |
| 14 - P1.1 | 14 - P1.1 | TA0 | CCI0A | | | 14 - P1.1 | 14 - P1.1 | | |
| 10 - P2.2 | 8 - P2.2 | TA0 | CCI0B | 0000 | TAO | 18 - P1.5 | 18 - P1.5 | | |
| | | V _{SS} | GND | CCR0 | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} | V _{CC} | | | | | | |
| 15 - P1.2 | 15 - P1.2 | TA1 | CCI1A | | | 11 - P2.3 | 10 - P2.3 | | |
| | | CAOUT (internal) | CCI1B | 0004 | TA 4 | 15 - P1.2 | 15 - P1.2 | | |
| | | V_{SS} | GND | CCR1 | TA1 | 19 - P1.6 | 20 - P1.6 | | |
| | | V_{CC} | V _{CC} | | | | | | |
| 16 - P1.3 | 16 - P1.3 | TA2 | CCI2A | | | 12 - P2.4 | 11 - P2.4 | | |
| | | ACLK (internal) | CCI2B | 0000 | TA2 | 16 - P1.3 | 16 - P1.3 | | |
| | | V _{SS} | GND | CCR2 | | 20 - P1.7 | 21 - P1.7 | | |
| | | V _{CC} | V _{CC} | | | | | | |



peripheral file map

| | PERIPHERALS WITH WORD ACCESS | 3 | |
|------------------|--|---|---|
| Timer_A | Capture/compare register Capture/compare register Capture/compare register Timer_A register Capture/compare control Capture/compare control Capture/compare control Timer_A control Timer_A interrupt vector | TACCR2 TACCR1 TACCR0 TAR TACCTL2 TACCTL1 TACCTL0 TACTL TAIV | 0176h 0174h 0172h 0170h 0166h 0164h 0162h 0160h 012Eh |
| Flash Memory | Flash control 3 Flash control 2 Flash control 1 | FCTL3 FCTL2 FCTL1 | 012Ch 012Ah 0128h |
| Watchdog Timer+ | Watchdog/timer control | WDTCTL | 0120h |
| | PERIPHERALS WITH BYTE ACCESS | | |
| Comparator_A+ | Comparator_A+ port disable Comparator_A+ control 2 Comparator_A+ control 1 | CAPD CACTL2 CACTL1 | 05Bh 05Ah 059h |
| Basic Clock | Basic clock system control 3 Basic clock system control 2 Basic clock system control 1 DCO clock frequency control | BCSCTL3 BCSCTL2 BCSCTL1 DCOCTL | 053h 058h 057h 056h |
| Port P2 | Port P2 resistor enable Port P2 selection Port P2 interrupt enable Port P2 interrupt edge select Port P2 interrupt flag Port P2 direction Port P2 output Port P2 input | P2REN P2SEL P2IE P2IES P2IFG P2DIR P2OUT P2IN | 02Fh 02Eh 02Dh 02Ch 02Bh 02Ah 029h 028h |
| Port P1 | Port P1 resistor enable Port P1 selection Port P1 interrupt enable Port P1 interrupt edge select Port P1 interrupt flag Port P1 direction Port P1 output Port P1 input | P1REN P1SEL P1IE P1IES P1IFG P1DIR P1OUT P1IN | 027h 026h 025h 024h 023h 022h 021h 020h |
| Special Function | SFR interrupt flag 2 SFR interrupt flag 1 SFR interrupt enable 2 SFR interrupt enable 1 | IFG2 IFG1 IE2 IE1 | 003h 002h 001h 000h |



absolute maximum ratings (see Note 1)

| Voltage applied at V _{CC} to V _{SS} | 0.3 V to 4.1 V |
|---|--------------------------|
| Voltage applied to any pin (see Note 2) | 0.3 V to V_{CC} +0.3 V |
| Diode current at any device terminal | ±2 mA |
| Storage temperature, T _{stq} (unprogrammed device, see Note 3) | 55°C to 150°C |
| Storage temperature, T _{stg} (programmed device, see Note 3) | |

- NOTES: 1. Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
 - All voltages referenced to V_{SS}. The JTAG fuse-blow voltage, V_{FB}, is allowed to exceed the absolute maximum rating. The voltage
 is applied to the TEST pin when blowing the JTAG fuse.
 - 3. Higher temperature may be applied during board soldering process according to the current JEDEC J-STD-020 specification with peak reflow temperatures not higher than classified on the device label on the shipping boxes or reels.

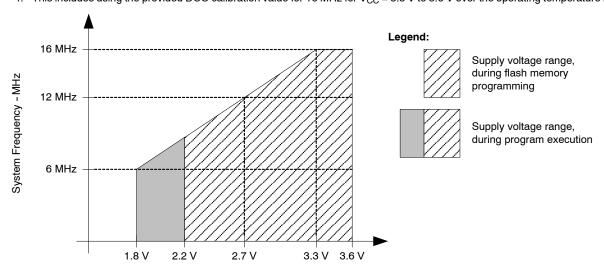
recommended operating conditions

| | | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT | |
|---|---|-----|-----|-----|------|--|
| Supply voltage during program execution, V _{CC} | | 1.8 | | 3.6 | V | |
| Supply voltage during program/erase flash memory, $V_{\rm CC}$ | | 2.2 | | 3.6 | V | |
| Supply voltage, V _{SS} | | | 0 | | V | |
| , | I Version | -40 | | 85 | °C | |
| Operating free-air temperature range, 1 _A | T Version | -40 | | 105 | °C | |
| supply voltage during program/erase flash memory, V _C supply voltage, V _{SS} Operating free-air temperature range, T _A Processor frequency f _{SYSTEM} | V _{CC} = 1.8 V, Duty Cycle = 50% ±10% | 0 | | 6 | | |
| Processor frequency f _{SYSTEM} (Maximum MCLK frequency) | V _{CC} = 2.7 V, Duty Cycle = 50% ±10% (see Note 3) | 0 | | 12 | MHz | |
| faximum MCLK frequency) | V _{CC} = 3.3 V, Duty Cycle = 50% ±10% (see Note 4) | 0 | | 16 | | |

NOTES: 1. The MSP430 CPU is clocked directly with MCLK.

Both the high and low phase of MCLK must not exceed the pulse width of the specified maximum frequency.

- 2. Modules might have a different maximum input clock specification. Refer to the specification of the respective module in this data
- 3. This includes using the provided DCO calibration value for 12 MHz for V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V over the operating temperature range.
- 4. This includes using the provided DCO calibration value for 16 MHz for $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V over the operating temperature range.



Supply Voltage -V NOTE: Minimum processor frequency is defined by system clock. Flash program or erase operations require a minimum V_{CC} of 2.2 V.

Figure 1. Operating Area



active mode supply current (into V_{CC}) excluding external current (see Notes 1 and 2)

| PA | RAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T _A | V _{CC} | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------------|------------------|--|----------------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| I _{AM.1MHz} | Active mode (AM) | f _{DCO} = f _{MCLK} = f _{SMCLK} = 1MHz, f _{ACLK} = 32,768Hz, Program executes in flash, BCSCTL1 = CALBC1_1MHZ, | | 2.2 V | | 250 | 300 | μΑ |
| 'AIVI, I MHZ | current (1MHz) | DCOCTL = CALDCO_1MHZ, CPUOFF = 0, SCG0 = 0, SCG1 = 0, OSCOFF = 0 | | 3 V | | 350 | 410 | μ |
| I _{AM.1MHz} | Active mode (AM) | f _{DCO} = f _{MCLK} = f _{SMCLK} = 1MHz, f _{ACLK} = 32,768Hz, Program executes in RAM, BCSCTL1 = CALBC1 1MHZ, | | 2.2 V | | 200 | | μΑ |
| 'AM,1MHZ | current (1MHz) | DCOCTL = CALDCO_1MHZ, CPUOFF = 0, SCG0 = 0, SCG1 = 0, OSCOFF = 0 | | 3 V | | 300 | | μ |
| | | f _{MCLK} = f _{SMCLK} = f _{ACLK} = 32,768Hz/8 = 4,096Hz, f _{DCO} = 0Hz, Program executes in flash, | -40-85°C | 2.2 V | | 2 | 5 | |
| | Active mode (AM) | | 105°C | 2.2 V | | | 6 | μΑ |
| IAM,4kHz | current (4kHz) | SELMx = 11, SELS = 1, DIVMx = DIVSx = DIVAx = 11, | -40-85°C | 3 V | | 3 | 9 | μΑ |
| | | CPUOFF = 0, SCG0 = 1, SCG1 = 0, OSCOFF = 0 | 105°C | 3 V | | | 9 | |
| l | Active mode (AM) | M) Program executes in flash, z) RSELx = 0, DCOx = 0, | 2.2 V | | 60 | 85 | μΑ | |
| I _{AM,100kHz} | current (100kHz) | | | 3 V | | 72 | 95 | μΑ |

NOTES: 1. All inputs are tied to 0 V or V_{CC} . Outputs do not source or sink any current.



^{2.} The currents are characterized with a Micro Crystal CC4V-T1A SMD crystal with a load capacitance of 9 pF. The internal and external load capacitance is chosen to closely match the required 9pF.

typical characteristics - active mode supply current (into V_{CC})

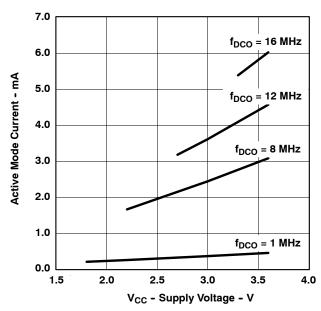


Figure 2. Active mode current vs V_{CC} , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

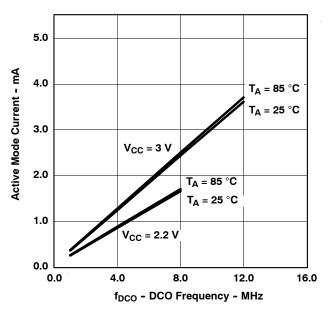


Figure 3. Active mode current vs DCO frequency

low power mode supply currents (into V_{CC}) excluding external current (see Notes 1 and 2)

| PAI | RAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T _A | V _{CC} | MIN TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-------------------------|---|---|----------------|-----------------|---------|-----|---------|
| ILPM0,1MHz | Low-power mode 0 (LPM0) current, | $\begin{split} &f_{MCLK} = 0 MHz, \\ &f_{SMCLK} = f_{DCO} = 1 MHz, \\ &f_{ACLK} = 32,768Hz, \\ &BCSCTL1 = CALBC1_1 MHZ, \end{split}$ | | 2.2 V | 65 | 80 | μΑ |
| | see Note 3 | DCOCTL = CALDCO_1MHZ, CPUOFF = 1, SCG0 = 0, SCG1 = 0, OSCOFF = 0 | | 3 V | 85 | 100 | · |
| ILPM0,100kHz | Low-power mode 0 (LPM0) current, | $\begin{split} f_{MCLK} &= 0 MHz, \\ f_{SMCLK} &= f_{DCO(0, \ 0)} \approx 100 kHz, \\ f_{ACLK} &= 0 Hz, \end{split}$ | | 2.2 V | 37 | 48 | μΑ |
| | see Note 3 | RSELx = 0, DCOx = 0, CPUOFF = 1, SCG0 = 0, SCG1 = 0, OSCOFF = 1 | | 3 V | 41 | 52 | μΛ |
| | Low-power mode 2 (LPM2) current, see Note 4 | f _{MCLK} = f _{SMCLK} = 0MHz, f _{DCO} = 1MHz, | -40-85°C | 2.2 V | 22 | 29 | - μΑ |
| | | f _{ACLK} = 32,768Hz, BCSCTL1 = CALBC1_1MHZ, | 105°C | 2.2 V | | 31 | |
| I _{LPM2} | | DCOCTL = CALDCO_1MHZ, CPUOFF = 1, SCG0 = 0, SCG1 = 1, OSCOFF = 0 | -40-85°C | 3 V | 25 | 32 | |
| | | | 105°C | 3 V | | 34 | |
| | | | -40°C | 2.2 V | 0.7 | 1.2 | |
| | | | 25°C | | 0.7 | 1.0 | μΑ |
| | Low-power mode | $f_{DCO} = f_{MCLK} = f_{SMCLK} = 0MHz,$ | 85°C | Z.Z V | 1.6 | 2.3 | |
| li pira i pieri | 3 (LPM3) current, | f _{ACLK} = 32,768Hz, | 105°C | | 3 | 6 | |
| I _{LPM3,LFXT1} | see Note 4 | CPUOFF = 1, SCG0 = 1, SCG1 = 1, | -40°C | | 0.9 | 1.2 | |
| | | OSCOFF = 0 | 25°C | 3 V | 0.9 | 1.2 | μA |
| | | | 85°C | | 1.6 | 2.8 | μΑ |
| | | | 105°C | | 3 | 7 | |
| | | f _{DCO} = f _{MCLK} = f _{SMCLK} = 0MHz, | -40°C | | 0.1 | 0.5 | |
| l | Low-power mode 4 (LPM4) current, see Note 5 | f _{ACLK} = 0Hz, CPUOFF = 1, SCG0 = 1, SCG1 = 1, OSCOFF = 1 | 25°C | 2.2 V/3 V | 0.1 | 0.5 | μΑ |
| I _{LPM4} | | | 85°C | 2.2 V/O V | 0.8 | 1.9 | |
| | | | 105°C | | 2 | 4 | |

NOTES: 1. All inputs are tied to 0 V or V_{CC} . Outputs do not source or sink any current.

- 3. Current for brownout and WDT clocked by SMCLK included.
- 4. Current for brownout and WDT clocked by ACLK included.
- 5. Current for brownout included.

^{2.} The currents are characterized with a Micro Crystal CC4V-T1A SMD crystal with a load capacitance of 9 pF. The internal and external load capacitance is chosen to closely match the required 9 pF.

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

Schmitt-trigger inputs - Ports P1 and P2

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | V _{CC} | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-------------------|--|--|-----------------|------|-----|------|----------|
| | B | | | 0.45 | | 0.75 | V_{CC} |
| V_{iT+} | Positive-going input threshold voltage | | 2.2 V | 1.00 | | 1.65 | |
| | | | 3 V | 1.35 | | 2.25 | V |
| V _{IT-} | | | | 0.25 | | 0.55 | V_{CC} |
| | Negative-going input threshold voltage | | 2.2 V | 0.55 | | 1.20 | ., |
| | | | 3 V | 0.75 | | 1.65 | V |
| V | Input voltage hysteresis (V _{IT+} - | | 2.2 V | 0.2 | | 1.0 | V |
| V_{hys} | V _{IT} -) | | 3 V | 0.3 | | 1.0 | V |
| R _{Pull} | Pullup/pulldown resistor | For pull-up: V _{IN} = V _{SS} ; For pull-down: V _{IN} = V _{CC} | | 20 | 35 | 50 | kΩ |
| C _I | Input capacitance | V _{IN} = V _{SS} or V _{CC} | | | 5 | | pF |

inputs - Ports P1 and P2

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | V _{CC} | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|--------------------|---------------------------|--|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| t _(int) | External interrupt timing | Port P1, P2: P1.x to P2.x, External trigger puls width to set interrupt flag, (see Note 1) | 2.2 V/3 V | 20 | | | ns |

NOTES: 1. An external signal sets the interrupt flag every time the minimum interrupt puls width $t_{(int)}$ is met. It may be set even with trigger signals shorter than $t_{(int)}$.

leakage current - Ports P1 and P2

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | V _{CC} | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| I _{Ikg(Px,x)} High-impedance leakage current | see Notes 1 and 2 | 2.2 V/3 V | | | ±50 | nA |

NOTES: 1. The leakage current is measured with V_{SS} or V_{CC} applied to the corresponding pin(s), unless otherwise noted.

2. The leakage of the digital port pins is measured individually. The port pin is selected for input and the pullup/pulldown resistor is disabled.



outputs - Ports P1 and P2

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | V _{CC} | MIN | TYP MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------|-------------------|---|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------|
| | | I _(OHmax) = -1.5 mA (see Note 1) | 2.2 V | V _{CC} -0.25 | V _C | С |
| V _{OH} | High-level output | I _(OHmax) = -6 mA (see Note 2) | 2.2 V | V _{CC} -0.6 | V _C | c ,, |
| | voltage | I _(OHmax) = -1.5 mA (see Note 1) | 3 V | V _{CC} -0.25 | V _C | c V |
| | | I _(OHmax) = -6 mA (see Note 2) | 3 V | V _{CC} -0.6 | V _C | С |
| | | I _(OLmax) = 1.5 mA (see Note 1) | 2.2 V | V_{SS} | V _{SS} +0.2 | 5 |
| ., | Low-level output | I _(OLmax) = 6 mA (see Note 2) | 2.2 V | V_{SS} | V _{SS} +0. | |
| V _{OL} | voltage | I _(OLmax) = 1.5 mA (see Note 1) | 3 V | V _{SS} | V _{SS} +0.2 | 5 V |
| | | I _(OLmax) = 6 mA (see Note 2) | 3 V | V_{SS} | V _{SS} +0. | 6 |

NOTES: 1. The maximum total current, I_{OHmax} and I_{OLmax}, for all outputs combined, should not exceed ±12 mA to hold the maximum voltage drop specified.

output frequency - Ports P1 and P2

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | V _{CC} | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------------|------------------------|---|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| f _{Px.y} | Port output frequency | P1.4/SMCLK, C _L = 20 pF, R _L = 1 kOhm | 2.2 V | | | 10 | MHz |
| | (with load) | (see Note 1 and 2) | 3 V | | | 12 | MHz |
| f _{Port_CLK} | Clock output frequency | P2.0/ACLK, P1.4/SMCLK, C _L = 20 pF | 2.2 V | | | 12 | MHz |
| | | (see Note 2) | 3 V | | | 16 | MHz |

NOTES: 1. A resistive divider with 2 times $0.5 \, \text{k}\Omega$ between V_{CC} and V_{SS} is used as load. The output is connected to the center tap of the divider.

2. The output voltage reaches at least 10% and 90% V_{CC} at the specified toggle frequency.

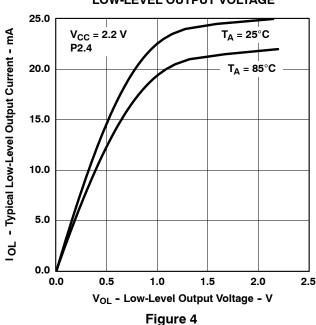


^{2.} The maximum total current, I_{OHmax} and I_{OLmax}, for all outputs combined, should not exceed ±48 mA to hold the maximum voltage drop specified.

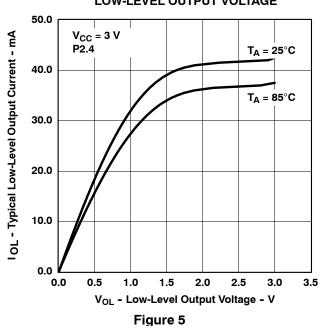
electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

typical characteristics - outputs

TYPICAL LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE



TYPICAL LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE



TYPICAL HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT **HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE**

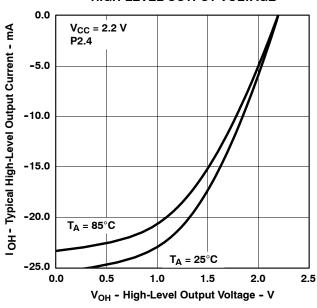
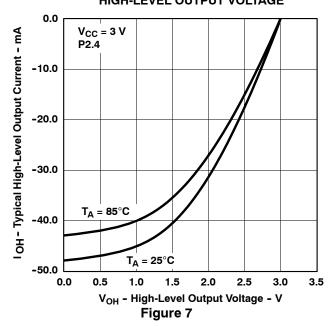


Figure 6

TYPICAL HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT **HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE**



NOTE: One output loaded at a time.



POR/brownout reset (BOR) (see Notes 1 and 2)

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | TA | V _{CC} | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|-----------------|-----|-----------------------|------|------|
| V _{CC(start)} | (see Figure 8) | dV _{CC} /dt ≤ 3 V/s | | | 0.1 | 7 × V _{(B_I} | T-) | V |
| V _(B_IT-) | (see Figure 8 through Figure 10) | dV _{CC} /dt ≤ 3 V/s | | | | | 1.71 | V |
| V | (and Figure 9) | d\/ /dt = 2 \//o | -40°C-85°C | | 70 | 130 | 180 | mV |
| $V_{hys(B_IT-)}$ | (see Figure 8) | dV _{CC} /dt ≤ 3 V/s | 105°C | | 70 | 130 | 210 | mV |
| t _{d(BOR)} | (see Figure 8) | | | | | | 2000 | μS |
| + | Pulse length needed at RST/NMI pin to | | | 2.2 V/3 V | 2 | | | |
| t _(reset) | accepted reset internally | | | 2.2 V/3 V | 2 | | | μS |

- NOTES: 1. The current consumption of the brownout module is already included in the I_{CC} current consumption data. The voltage level $V_{(B_IT-)} + V_{hys(B_IT-)}$ is $\leq 1.8V$.
 - During power up, the CPU begins code execution following a period of t_{d(BOR)} after V_{CC} = V_(B_IT-) + V_{hys(B_IT-)}. The default DCO settings must not be changed until V_{CC} ≥ V_{CC(min)}, where V_{CC(min)} is the minimum supply voltage for the desired operating frequency.

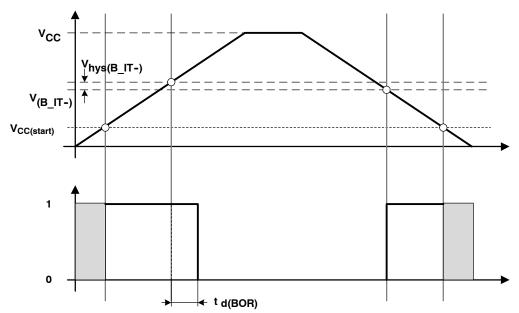


Figure 8. POR/Brownout Reset (BOR) vs Supply Voltage

typical characteristics - POR/brownout reset (BOR)

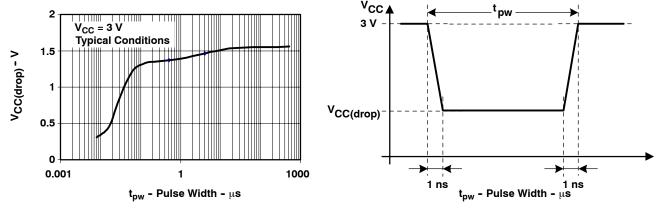


Figure 9. V_{CC(drop)} Level With a Square Voltage Drop to Generate a POR/Brownout Signal

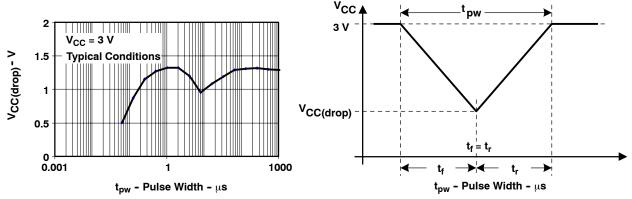


Figure 10. V_{CC(drop)} Level With a Triangle Voltage Drop to Generate a POR/Brownout Signal

main DCO characteristics

- All ranges selected by RSELx overlap with RSELx + 1: RSELx = 0 overlaps RSELx = 1, ... RSELx = 14 overlaps RSELx = 15.
- DCO control bits DCOx have a step size as defined by parameter S_{DCO}.
- Modulation control bits MODx select how often f_{DCO(RSEL,DCO+1)} is used within the period of 32 DCOCLK cycles. The frequency f_{DCO(RSEL,DCO)} is used for the remaining cycles. The frequency is an average equal to:

$$f_{average} = \frac{32 \times f_{DCO(RSEL,DCO)} \times f_{DCO(RSEL,DCO+1)}}{MOD \times f_{DCO(RSEL,DCO)} + (32 - MOD) \times f_{DCO(RSEL,DCO+1)}}$$

DCO frequency

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | V _{CC} | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------------|--|--|-----------------|------|------|------|-------|
| | | RSELx < 14 | | 1.8 | | 3.6 | V |
| Vcc | Supply voltage range | RSELx = 14 | | 2.2 | | 3.6 | V |
| | | RSELx = 15 | | 3.0 | | 3.6 | V |
| f _{DCO(0,0)} | DCO frequency (0, 0) | RSELx = 0, DCOx = 0, MODx = 0 | 2.2 V/3 V | 0.06 | | 0.14 | MHz |
| f _{DCO(0,3)} | DCO frequency (0, 3) | RSELx = 0, DCOx = 3, MODx = 0 | 2.2 V/3 V | 0.07 | | 0.17 | MHz |
| f _{DCO(1,3)} | DCO frequency (1, 3) | RSELx = 1, DCOx = 3, MODx = 0 | 2.2 V/3 V | 0.10 | | 0.20 | MHz |
| f _{DCO(2,3)} | DCO frequency (2, 3) | RSELx = 2, DCOx = 3, MODx = 0 | 2.2 V/3 V | 0.14 | | 0.28 | MHz |
| f _{DCO(3,3)} | DCO frequency (3, 3) | RSELx = 3, DCOx = 3, MODx = 0 | 2.2 V/3 V | 0.20 | | 0.40 | MHz |
| f _{DCO(4,3)} | DCO frequency (4, 3) | RSELx = 4, DCOx = 3, MODx = 0 | 2.2 V/3 V | 0.28 | | 0.54 | MHz |
| f _{DCO(5,3)} | DCO frequency (5, 3) | RSELx = 5, DCOx = 3, MODx = 0 | 2.2 V/3 V | 0.39 | | 0.77 | MHz |
| f _{DCO(6,3)} | DCO frequency (6, 3) | RSELx = 6, DCOx = 3, MODx = 0 | 2.2 V/3 V | 0.54 | | 1.06 | MHz |
| f _{DCO(7,3)} | DCO frequency (7, 3) | RSELx = 7, DCOx = 3, MODx = 0 | 2.2 V/3 V | 0.80 | | 1.50 | MHz |
| f _{DCO(8,3)} | DCO frequency (8, 3) | RSELx = 8, DCOx = 3, MODx = 0 | 2.2 V/3 V | 1.10 | | 2.10 | MHz |
| f _{DCO(9,3)} | DCO frequency (9, 3) | RSELx = 9, DCOx = 3, MODx = 0 | 2.2 V/3 V | 1.60 | | 3.00 | MHz |
| f _{DCO(10,3)} | DCO frequency (10, 3) | RSELx = 10, DCOx = 3, MODx = 0 | 2.2 V/3 V | 2.50 | | 4.30 | MHz |
| f _{DCO(11,3)} | DCO frequency (11, 3) | RSELx = 11, DCOx = 3, MODx = 0 | 2.2 V/3 V | 3.00 | | 5.50 | MHz |
| f _{DCO(12,3)} | DCO frequency (12, 3) | RSELx = 12, DCOx = 3, MODx = 0 | 2.2 V/3 V | 4.30 | | 7.30 | MHz |
| f _{DCO(13,3)} | DCO frequency (13, 3) | RSELx = 13, DCOx = 3, MODx = 0 | 2.2 V/3 V | 6.00 | | 9.60 | MHz |
| f _{DCO(14,3)} | DCO frequency (14, 3) | RSELx = 14, DCOx = 3, MODx = 0 | 2.2 V/3 V | 8.60 | | 13.9 | MHz |
| f _{DCO(15,3)} | DCO frequency (15, 3) | RSELx = 15, DCOx = 3, MODx = 0 | 3 V | 12.0 | | 18.5 | MHz |
| f _{DCO(15,7)} | DCO frequency (15, 7) | RSELx = 15, DCOx = 7, MODx = 0 | 3 V | 16.0 | | 26.0 | MHz |
| S _{RSEL} | Frequency step between range RSEL and RSEL+1 | S _{RSEL} = f _{DCO(RSEL+1,DCO)} /f _{DCO(RSEL,DCO)} | 2.2 V/3 V | | | 1.55 | 4:- |
| S _{DCO} | Frequency step between tap DCO and DCO+1 | $S_{DCO} = f_{DCO(RSEL,DCO+1)}/f_{DCO(RSEL,DCO)}$ | 2.2 V/3 V | 1.05 | 1.08 | 1.12 | ratio |
| Duty Cycle | | Measured at P1.4/SMCLK | 2.2 V/3 V | 40 | 50 | 60 | % |

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

calibrated DCO frequencies - tolerance at calibration

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | TA | V _{CC} | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--|------|-----------------|-------|------|-------|------|
| Frequency to | olerance at calibration | | 25°C | 3 V | -1 | ±0.2 | +1 | % |
| f _{CAL(1MHz)} | 1-MHz calibration value | BCSCTL1= CALBC1_1MHZ DCOCTL = CALDCO_1MHZ Gating time: 5ms | 25°C | 3 V | 0.990 | 1 | 1.010 | MHz |
| f _{CAL(8MHz)} | 8-MHz calibration value | BCSCTL1= CALBC1_8MHZ DCOCTL = CALDCO_8MHZ Gating time: 5ms | 25°C | 3 V | 7.920 | 8 | 8.080 | MHz |
| f _{CAL(12MHz)} | 12-MHz calibration value | BCSCTL1= CALBC1_12MHZ DCOCTL = CALDCO_12MHZ Gating time: 5ms | 25°C | 3 V | 11.88 | 12 | 12.12 | MHz |
| f _{CAL(16MHz)} | 16-MHz calibration value | BCSCTL1= CALBC1_16MHZ DCOCTL = CALDCO_16MHZ Gating time: 2ms | 25°C | 3 V | 15.84 | 16 | 16.16 | MHz |

calibrated DCO frequencies - tolerance over temperature 0°C - +85°C

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T _A | V _{cc} | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|--|----------------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| 1-MHz tolera | ance over temperature | | 0-85°C | 3.0 V | -2.5 | ±0.5 | +2.5 | % |
| 8-MHz tolera | ance over temperature | | 0-85°C | 3.0 V | -2.5 | ±1.0 | +2.5 | % |
| 12-MHz tole | rance over temperature | | 0-85°C | 3.0 V | -2.5 | ±1.0 | +2.5 | % |
| 16-MHz tole | rance over temperature | | 0-85°C | 3.0 V | -3.0 | ±2.0 | +3.0 | % |
| | | BCSCTL1= CALBC1 1MHZ | | 2.2 V | 0.970 | 1 | 1.030 | MHz |
| f _{CAL(1MHz)} | 1-MHz calibration value | DCOCTL = CALDCO_1MHZ | 0-85°C | 3.0 V | 0.975 | 1 | 1.025 | MHz |
| , | | Gating time: 5ms | | 3.6 V | 0.970 | 1 | 1.030 | MHz |
| | | BCSCTL1= CALBC1 8MHZ | | 2.2 V | 7.760 | 8 | 8.400 | MHz |
| f _{CAL(8MHz)} | 8-MHz calibration value | DCOCTL = CALDCO_8MHZ | 0-85°C | 3.0 V | 7.800 | 8 | 8.200 | MHz |
| , , | | Gating time: 5ms | | 3.6 V | 7.600 | 8 | 8.240 | MHz |
| | | BCSCTL1= CALBC1 12MHZ | | 2.2 V | 11.70 | 12 | 12.30 | MHz |
| f _{CAL(12MHz)} | 12-MHz calibration value | DCOCTL = CALDCO_12MHZ | 0-85°C | 3.0 V | 11.70 | 12 | 12.30 | MHz |
| , , | Gating time: 5ms | | 3.6 V | 11.70 | 12 | 12.30 | MHz | |
| £ | 16 MH - polibration value | BCSCTL1= CALBC1_16MHZ DCOCTL = CALDCO_16MHZ | 0.05°C | 3.0 V | 15.52 | 16 | 16.48 | MHz |
| [†] CAL(16MHz) | 16-MHz calibration value | Gating time: 2ms | 0-85°C | 3.6 V | 15.00 | 16 | 16.48 | MHz |

calibrated DCO frequencies - tolerance over supply voltage V_{CC}

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T _A | V _{CC} | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|--|--|----------------|-----------------|-------|-----|-------|------|
| 1-MHz tolerance over V _{CC} | | 25°C | 1.8 V - 3.6 V | -3 | ±2 | +3 | % |
| 8-MHz tolerance over V _{CC} | | 25°C | 1.8 V - 3.6 V | -3 | ±2 | +3 | % |
| 12-MHz tolerance over V _{CC} | | 25°C | 2.2 V - 3.6 V | -3 | ±2 | +3 | % |
| 16-MHz tolerance over V _{CC} | | 25°C | 3.0 V - 3.6 V | -3 | ±2 | +3 | % |
| f _{CAL(1MHz)} 1-MHz calibration value | BCSCTL1= CALBC1_1MHZ DCOCTL = CALDCO_1MHZ Gating time: 5ms | 25°C | 1.8 V - 3.6 V | 0.970 | 1 | 1.030 | MHz |
| f _{CAL(8MHz)} 8-MHz calibration value | BCSCTL1= CALBC1_8MHZ DCOCTL = CALDCO_8MHZ Gating time: 5ms | 25°C | 1.8 V - 3.6 V | 7.760 | 8 | 8.240 | MHz |
| f _{CAL(12MHz)} 12-MHz calibration value | BCSCTL1= CALBC1_12MHZ DCOCTL = CALDCO_12MHZ Gating time: 5ms | 25°C | 2.2 V - 3.6 V | 11.64 | 12 | 12.36 | MHz |
| f _{CAL(16MHz)} 16-MHz calibration value | BCSCTL1= CALBC1_16MHZ DCOCTL = CALDCO_16MHZ Gating time: 2ms | 25°C | 3.0 V - 3.6 V | 15.00 | 16 | 16.48 | MHz |

calibrated DCO frequencies - overall tolerance

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T _A | V _{CC} | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|--|--|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------|-----|-------|------|
| 1-MHz tolerance overall | | I: -40-85°C T: -40-105°C | 1.8 V - 3.6 V | -5 | ±2 | +5 | % |
| 8-MHz tolerance overall | | I: -40-85°C T: -40-105°C | 1.8 V - 3.6 V | -5 | ±2 | +5 | % |
| 12-MHz tolerance overall | | I: -40-85°C T: -40-105°C | 2.2 V - 3.6 V | -5 | ±2 | +5 | % |
| 16-MHz tolerance overall | | I: -40-85°C T: -40-105°C | 3.0 V - 3.6 V | -6 | ±3 | +6 | % |
| f _{CAL(1MHz)} 1-MHz calibration value | BCSCTL1= CALBC1_1MHZ DCOCTL = CALDCO_1MHZ Gating time: 5ms | I: -40-85°C T: -40-105°C | 1.8 V - 3.6 V | 0.950 | 1 | 1.050 | MHz |
| f _{CAL(8MHz)} 8-MHz calibration value | BCSCTL1= CALBC1_8MHZ DCOCTL = CALDCO_8MHZ Gating time: 5ms | I: -40-85°C T: -40-105°C | 1.8 V - 3.6 V | 7.600 | 8 | 8.400 | MHz |
| f _{CAL(12MHz)} 12-MHz calibration value | BCSCTL1= CALBC1_12MHZ DCOCTL = CALDCO_12MHZ Gating time: 5ms | I: -40-85°C T: -40-105°C | 2.2 V - 3.6 V | 11.40 | 12 | 12.60 | MHz |
| f _{CAL(16MHz)} 16-MHz calibration value | BCSCTL1= CALBC1_16MHZ DCOCTL = CALDCO_16MHZ Gating time: 2ms | I: -40-85°C T: -40-105°C | 3.0 V - 3.6 V | 15.00 | 16 | 17.00 | MHz |

typical characteristics - calibrated 1MHz DCO frequency

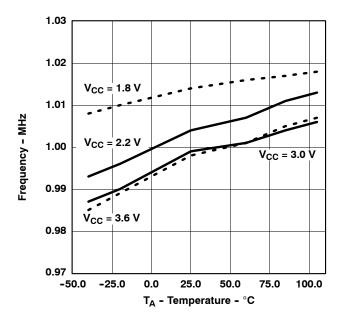


Figure 11. Calibrated 1-MHz Frequency vs Temperature

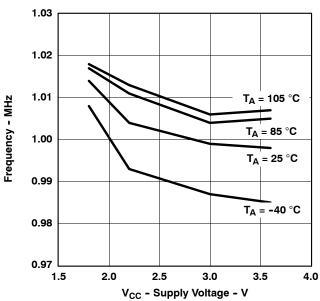


Figure 12. Calibrated 1-MHz Frequency vs V_{CC}



wake-up from lower power modes (LPM3/4)

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | V _{CC} | MIN TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-------------------------|---|--|-----------------|--|-----|------|
| | | BCSCTL1 = CALBC1_1MHZ, DCOCTL = CALDCO_1MHZ | 2.2 V/3 V | | 2 | |
| | DCO clock wake-up time from | BCSCTL1 = CALBC1_8MHZ, DCOCTL = CALDCO_8MHZ | 2.2 V/3 V | | 1.5 | |
| t _{DCO,LPM3/4} | LPM3/4 (see Note 1) | BCSCTL1 = CALBC1_12MHZ, DCOCTL = CALDCO_12MHZ | 2.2 V/3 V | | 1 | μS |
| | | BCSCTL1 = CALBC1_16MHZ, DCOCTL = CALDCO_16MHZ | 3 V | | 1 | |
| t _{CPU,LPM3/4} | CPU wake-up time from LPM3/4 (see Note 2) | | | 1/f _{MCLK} + t _{Clock,LPM3/4} | | |

NOTES: 1. The DCO clock wake-up time is measured from the edge of an external wake-up signal (for example, a port interrupt) to the first clock edge observable externally on a clock pin (MCLK or SMCLK).

typical characteristics - DCO clock wake-up time from LPM3/4

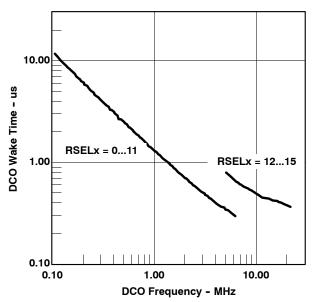


Figure 13. DCO wake-up time from LPM3 vs DCO frequency

^{2.} Parameter applicable only if DCOCLK is used for MCLK.

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

crystal oscillator, LFXT1, low-frequency modes (see Note 4)

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | V _{CC} | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------------------|---|---|-----------------|-------|-------|--------|------|
| f _{LFXT1,LF} | LFXT1 oscillator crystal frequency, LF mode 0, 1 | XTS = 0, LFXT1Sx = 0 or 1 | 1.8 V - 3.6 V | | 32768 | | Hz |
| f _{LFXT1,LF,logic} | LFXT1 oscillator logic level square wave input frequency, LF mode | XTS = 0, LFXT1Sx = 3 | 1.8 V - 3.6 V | 10000 | 32768 | 50000 | Hz |
| | Oscillation Allowance for LF | $\begin{split} XTS &= 0, LFXT1Sx = 0;\\ f_{LFXT1,LF} &= 32,768 \text{ kHz},\\ C_{L,eff} &= 6 \text{ pF} \end{split}$ | | | 500 | | kΩ |
| OA _{LF} | crystals | $\begin{split} XTS &= 0, LFXT1Sx = 0;\\ f_{LFXT1,LF} &= 32,768 \text{ kHz},\\ C_{L,eff} &= 12 \text{ pF} \end{split}$ | | 200 | | | kΩ |
| | | XTS = 0, XCAPx = 0 | | | 1 | | |
| | Integrated effective Load | XTS = 0, XCAPx = 1 | | | 5.5 | | 1 _ |
| $C_{L,eff}$ | Capacitance, LF mode (see Note 1) | XTS = 0, XCAPx = 2 | | | 8.5 | | pF |
| | (555 11515 1) | XTS = 0, XCAPx = 3 | | | 11 | | |
| Duty Cycle | LF mode | XTS = 0, Measured at P1.4/ACLK, f _{LFXT1,LF} = 32,768 Hz | 2.2 V/3 V | 30 | 50 | 70 | % |
| f _{Fault,LF} | Oscillator fault frequency, LF mode (see Note 3) | XTS = 0, LFXT1Sx = 3 (see Notes 2) | 2.2 V/3 V | 10 | | 10,000 | Hz |

NOTES: 1. Includes parasitic bond and package capacitance (approximately 2pF per pin).

Since the PCB adds additional capacitance it is recommended to verify the correct load by measuring the ACLK frequency. For a correct setup the effective load capacitance should always match the specification of the used crystal.

- 2. Measured with logic level input frequency but also applies to operation with crystals.
- 3. Frequencies below the MIN specification will set the fault flag, frequencies above the MAX specification will not set the fault flag. Frequencies in between might set the flag.
- 4. To improve EMI on the LFXT1 oscillator the following guidelines should be observed.
 - Keep as short of a trace as possible between the device and the crystal.
 - Design a good ground plane around the oscillator pins.
 - Prevent crosstalk from other clock or data lines into oscillator pins XIN and XOUT.
 - Avoid running PCB traces underneath or adjacent to the XIN and XOUT pins.
 - Use assembly materials and praxis to avoid any parasitic load on the oscillator XIN and XOUT pins.
 - If conformal coating is used, ensure that it does not induce capacitive/resistive leakage between the oscillator pins.
 - Do not route the XOUT line to the JTAG header to support the serial programming adapter as shown in other documentation. This signal is no longer required for the serial programming adapter.



crystal oscillator, LFXT1, high-frequency modes (see Note 5)

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | V _{CC} | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------------------|--|---|-----------------|-----|------|-----|------|
| f _{LFXT1,HF0} | LFXT1 oscillator crystal frequency, HF mode 0 | XTS = 1, LFXT1Sx = 0 | 1.8 V - 3.6 V | 0.4 | | 1 | MHz |
| f _{LFXT1,HF1} | LFXT1 oscillator crystal frequency, HF mode 1 | XTS = 1, LFXT1Sx = 1 | 1.8 V - 3.6 V | 1 | | 4 | MHz |
| | | | 1.8 V - 3.6 V | 2 | | 10 | MHz |
| f _{LFXT1,HF2} | LFXT1 oscillator crystal frequency, HF mode 2 | XTS = 1, LFXT1Sx = 2 | 2.2 V - 3.6 V | 2 | | 12 | MHz |
| | TH MOGE Z | | 3.0 V - 3.6 V | 2 | | 16 | MHz |
| | LFXT1 oscillator logic level square | | 1.8 V - 3.6 V | 0.4 | | 10 | MHz |
| f _{LFXT1,HF,logic} | wave input frequency, | XTS = 1, LFXT1Sx = 3 | 2.2 V - 3.6 V | 0.4 | | 12 | MHz |
| | HF mode | | 3.0 V - 3.6 V | 0.4 | | 16 | MHz |
| | | XTS = 0, LFXT1Sx = 0, f _{LFXT1,HF} = 1 MHz, C _{L,eff} = 15 pF | | | 2700 | | Ω |
| OA _{HF} | Oscillation Allowance for HF crystals (refer to Figure 14 and Figure 15) | XTS = 0, LFXT1Sx = 1 f _{LFXT1,HF} = 4 MHz, C _{L,eff} = 15 pF | | | 800 | | Ω |
| | | XTS = 0, LFXT1Sx = 2 f _{LFXT1,HF} = 16 MHz, C _{L,eff} = 15 pF | | | 300 | | Ω |
| $C_{L,eff}$ | Integrated effective Load Capacitance, HF mode (see Note 1) | XTS = 1 (see Note 2) | | | 1 | | pF |
| Duty Cyclo | HF mode | XTS = 1, Measured at P1.4/ACLK, f _{LFXT1,HF} = 10 MHz | 2.2 V/3 V | 40 | 50 | 60 | % |
| Duty Cycle | nr IIIoue | XTS = 1, Measured at P1.4/ACLK, f _{LFXT1,HF} = 16 MHz | 2.2 V/3 V | 40 | 50 | 60 | % |
| f _{Fault,HF} | Oscillator fault frequency, HF mode (see Note 4) | XTS = 1, LFXT1Sx = 3 (see Notes 3) | 2.2 V/3 V | 30 | | 300 | kHz |

NOTES: 1. Includes parasitic bond and package capacitance (approximately 2pF per pin).

Since the PCB adds additional capacitance it is recommended to verify the correct load by measuring the ACLK frequency. For a correct setup the effective load capacitance should always match the specification of the used crystal.

- 2. Requires external capacitors at both terminals. Values are specified by crystal manufacturers.
- 3. Measured with logic level input frequency but also applies to operation with crystals.
- 4. Frequencies below the MIN specification will set the fault flag, frequencies above the MAX specification will not set the fault flag. Frequencies in between might set the flag.
- 5. To improve EMI on the LFXT1 oscillator the following guidelines should be observed.
 - Keep as short of a trace as possible between the device and the crystal.
 - Design a good ground plane around the oscillator pins.
 - Prevent crosstalk from other clock or data lines into oscillator pins XIN and XOUT.
 - Avoid running PCB traces underneath or adjacent to the XIN and XOUT pins.
 - Use assembly materials and praxis to avoid any parasitic load on the oscillator XIN and XOUT pins.
 - If conformal coating is used, ensure that it does not induce capacitive/resistive leakage between the oscillator pins.
 - Do not route the XOUT line to the JTAG header to support the serial programming adapter as shown in other documentation. This signal is no longer required for the serial programming adapter.



typical characteristics - LFXT1 oscillator in HF mode (XTS = 1)

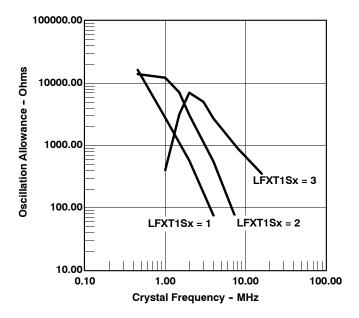


Figure 14. Oscillation Allowance vs Crystal Frequency, $C_{L,eff}$ = 15 pF, T_A = 25°C

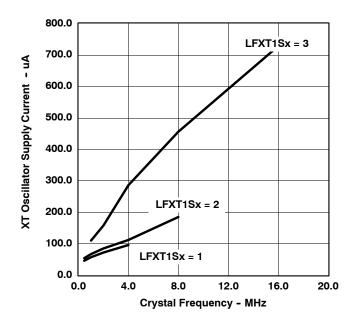


Figure 15. XT Oscillator Supply Current vs Crystal Frequency, $C_{L,eff}$ = 15 pF, T_A = 25 $^{\circ}$ C



Timer_A

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | V _{CC} | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------|-------------------------|--|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| f | Timor A clock fraguency | Internal: SMCLK, ACLK; | 2.2 V | | | 10 | MHz |
| † _{TA} | Timer_A clock frequency | External: TACLK, INCLK; Duty Cycle = 50% ±10% | 3 V | | | 16 | IVI⊓∠ |
| t _{TA,cap} | Timer_A, capture timing | TA0, TA1, TA2 | 2.2 V/3 V | 20 | | | ns |

Comparator_A+ (see Note 1)

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | V _{CC} | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|------|
| | | CAON=1, CARSEL=0, CAREF=0 | 2.2 V | | 25 | 40 | |
| I _(DD) | | CAON=1, CARSEL=0, CAREF=0 | 3 V | | 45 | 60 | μΑ |
| I _{(Refladder/Ref} | (D:-J-) | CAON=1, CARSEL=0, CAREF=1/2/3, no load at | 2.2 V | | 30 | 50 | μA |
| '(Helladder/Hel | ibliode) | P2.3/CA0/TA1 and P2.4/CA1/TA2 | 3 V | | 45 | 71 | μ |
| V _(IC) | Common-mode input voltage | CAON=1 | 2.2 V/3 V | 0 | | V _{CC} -1 | ٧ |
| V _(Ref025) | Voltage @ 0.25 V _{CC} node | PCA0=1, CARSEL=1, CAREF=1, No load at P2.3/CA0/TA1 and P2.4/CA1/TA2 | 2.2 V/3 V | 0.23 | 0.24 | 0.25 | |
| V _(Ref050) | Voltage @ 0.5V _{CC} node | PCA0=1, CARSEL=1, CAREF=2, No load at P2.3/CA0/TA1 and P2.4/CA1/TA2 | 2.2 V/3 V | 0.47 | 0.48 | 0.5 | |
| | | PCA0=1, CARSEL=1, CAREF=3, | 2.2 V | 390 | 480 | 540 | |
| V _(RefVT) | (see Figure 19 and Figure 20) | No load at P2.3/CA0/TA1 and P2.4/CA1/TA2, T _A = 85°C | 3 V | 400 | 490 | 550 | mV |
| V _(offset) | Offset voltage | See Note 2 | 2.2 V/3 V | -30 | | 30 | mV |
| V _{hys} | Input hysteresis | CAON=1 | 2.2 V/3 V | 0 | 0.7 | 1.4 | mV |
| | | T _A = 25°C, Overdrive 10 mV, Without filter: CAF=0 | 2.2 V | 80 | 165 | 300 | no |
| 4. | Response time | (see Note 3, Figure 16 and Figure 17) | 3 V | 70 | 120 | 240 | ns |
| t _(response) | (low-high and high-low) | T _A = 25°C, Overdrive 10 mV, With filter: CAF=1 | 2.2 V | 1.4 | 1.9 | 2.8 | |
| | | (see Note 3, Figure 16 and Figure 17) | 3 V | 0.9 | 1.5 | 2.2 | μS |

3. Response time measured at P2.2/CAOUT.

NOTES: 1. The leakage current for the Comparator_A+ terminals is identical to I_{lkg(Px.x)} specification.

2. The input offset voltage can be cancelled by using the CAEX bit to invert the Comparator_A+ inputs on successive measurements. The two successive measurements are then summed together.

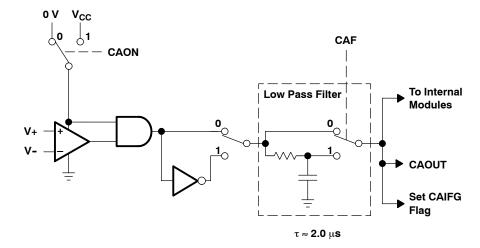


Figure 16. Block Diagram of Comparator_A+ Module

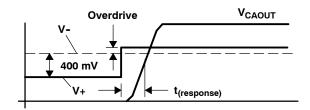


Figure 17. Overdrive Definition

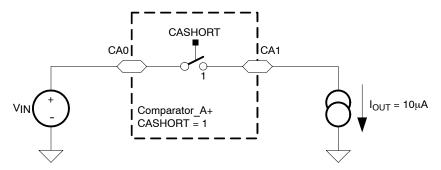


Figure 18. Comparator A+ Short Resistance Test Condition

typical characteristics - Comparator_A+

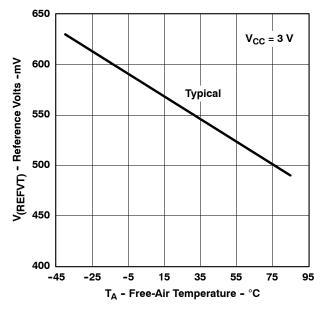


Figure 19. $V_{(RefVT)}$ vs Temperature, $V_{CC} = 3 V$

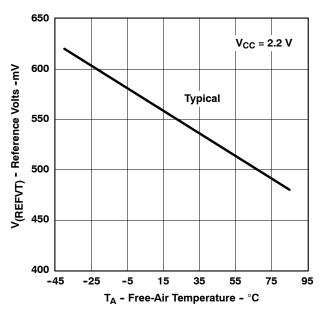


Figure 20. $V_{(RefVT)}$ vs Temperature, $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$

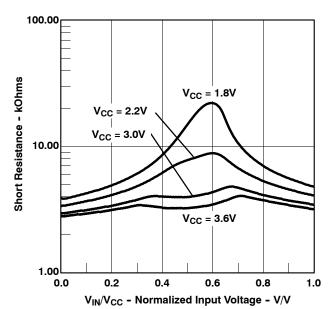


Figure 21. Short Resistance vs V_{IN}/V_{CC}

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

flash memory

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | V _{CC} | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|--------------------------------|---|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----|------------------|
| V _{CC(PGM/} ERASE) | Program and Erase supply voltage | | | 2.2 | | 3.6 | V |
| f_{FTG} | Flash Timing Generator frequency | | | 257 | | 476 | kHz |
| I _{PGM} | Supply current from V_{CC} during program | | 2.2 V/3.6 V | | 3 | 5 | mA |
| I _{ERASE} | Supply current from V_{CC} during erase | | 2.2 V/3.6 V | | 3 | 7 | mA |
| t _{CPT} | Cumulative program time (see Note 1) | | 2.2 V/3.6 V | | | 10 | ms |
| t _{CMErase} | Cumulative mass erase time | | 2.2 V/3.6 V | 20 | | | ms |
| | Program/Erase endurance | | | 10 ⁴ | 10 ⁵ | | cycles |
| t _{Retention} | Data retention duration | $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ | | 100 | | | years |
| t _{Word} | Word or byte program time | | | | 30 | | |
| t _{Block, 0} | Block program time for 1 st byte or word | | | | 25 | | |
| t _{Block, 1-63} | Block program time for each additional byte or word | | | | 18 | | |
| t _{Block, End} | Block program end-sequence wait time | see Note 2 | | | 6 | | t _{FTG} |
| t _{Mass Erase} | Mass erase time | | | | 10593 | | |
| t _{Seg Erase} | Segment erase time | | | | 4819 | | |

NOTES: 1. The cumulative program time must not be exceeded when writing to a 64-byte flash block. This parameter applies to all programming methods: individual word/byte write and block write modes.

RAM

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|--------------|---|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| $V_{(RAMh)}$ | RAM retention supply voltage (see Note 1) | CPU halted | 1.6 | | | V |

NOTE 1: This parameter defines the minimum supply voltage V_{CC} when the data in RAM remains unchanged. No program execution should happen during this supply voltage condition.

JTAG interface

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | V _{CC} | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| £ | TOV insulation and the second | see Note 1 | 2.2 V | 0 | | 5 | MHz |
| †TCK | TCK input frequency | | 3 V | 0 | | 10 | MHz |
| R _{Internal} | Internal pull-down resistance on TEST | | 2.2 V/3 V | 25 | 60 | 90 | kΩ |

NOTES: 1. f_{TCK} may be restricted to meet the timing requirements of the module selected.

JTAG fuse (see Note 1)

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | TEST CONDITIONS V _{CC} | | | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-----|--|-----|------|
| V _{CC(FB)} | Supply voltage during fuse-blow condition | $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ | | 2.5 | | | V |
| V_{FB} | Voltage level on TEST for fuse-blow | $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ | | 6 | | 7 | V |
| I _{FB} | Supply current into TEST during fuse blow | $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ | | | | 100 | mA |
| t _{FB} | Time to blow fuse | T _A = 25°C | | | | 1 | ms |

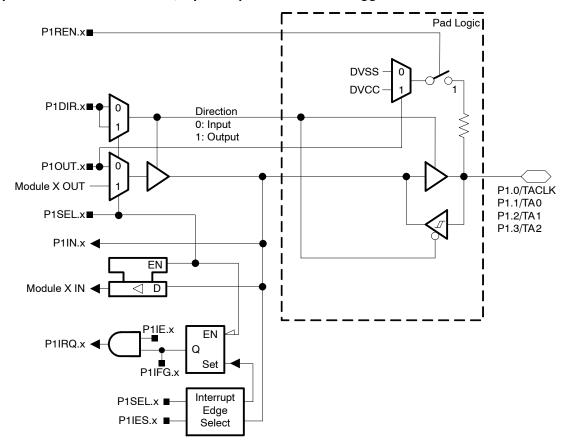
NOTES: 1. Once the fuse is blown, no further access to the JTAG/Test and emulation feature is possible and is switched to bypass mode.



^{2.} These values are hardwired into the Flash Controller's state machine ($t_{FTG} = 1/f_{FTG}$).

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Port P1 pin schematic: P1.0 to P1.3, input/output with Schmitt-trigger



Port P1 (P1.0 to P1.3) pin functions

| DIN NAME (D4 VO | 1,, | | CONTROL BITS / SIGNALS | | |
|-----------------|-----|------------------|------------------------|---------|--|
| PIN NAME (P1.X) | X | FUNCTION | P1DIR.x | P1SEL.x | |
| P1.0/TACLK | 0 | P1.0† (I/O) | I: 0; O: 1 | 0 | |
| | | TACLK | 0 | 1 | |
| | | DV _{SS} | 1 | 1 | |
| P1.1/TA0 | 1 | P1.1† (I/O) | I: 0; O: 1 | 0 | |
| | | Timer_A3.CCI0A | 0 | 1 | |
| | | Timer_A3.TA0 | 1 | 1 | |
| P1.2/TA1 | 2 | P1.2† (I/O) | I: 0; O: 1 | 0 | |
| | | Timer_A3.CCI0A | 0 | 1 | |
| | | Timer_A3.TA0 | 1 | 1 | |
| P1.3/TA2 | 3 | P1.3† (I/O) | I: 0; O: 1 | 0 | |
| | | Timer_A3.CCI0A | 0 | 1 | |
| | | Timer A3.TA0 | 1 | 1 | |

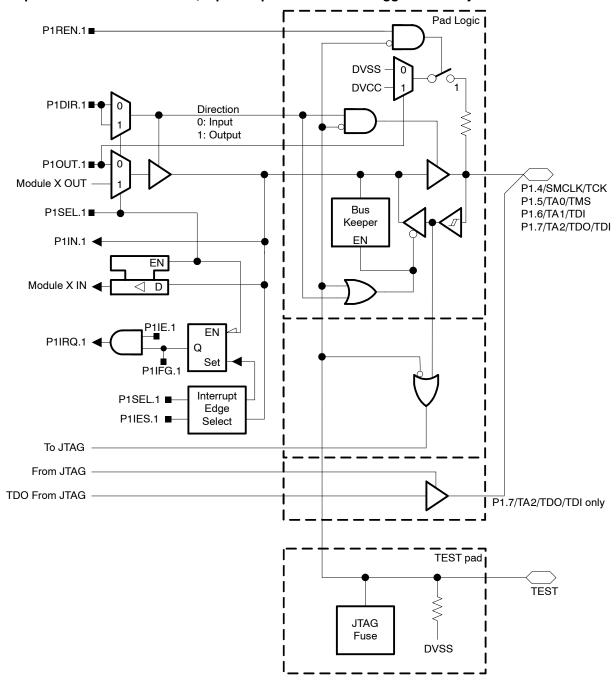
[†] Default after reset (PUC/POR)

NOTES: 1. N/A: Not available or not applicable.

2. X: Don't care.



Port P1 pin schematic: P1.4 to P1.7, input/output with Schmitt-trigger and in-system access features



Port P1 (P1.4 to P1.7) pin functions

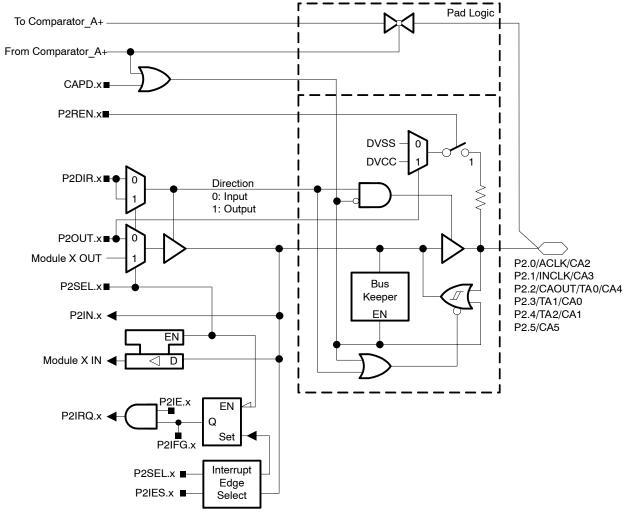
| DINI NAME (D4 V) | | T.W.O.T.O.V | CONTROL BITS / SIGNALS | | | | |
|-------------------|---|-----------------------|------------------------|---------|------|--|--|
| PIN NAME (P1.X) | X | FUNCTION | P1DIR.x | P1SEL.x | TEST | | |
| P1.4/SMCLK/TCK | 4 | P1.4† (I/O) | I: 0; O: 1 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | | SMCLK | 1 | 1 | 0 | | |
| | | тск | X | X | 1 | | |
| P1.5/TA0/TMS | 5 | P1.5† (I/O) | I: 0; O: 1 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | | Timer_A3.TA0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | |
| | | TMS | Х | Х | 1 | | |
| P1.6/TA1/TDI/TCLK | 6 | P1.6† (I/O) | I: 0; O: 1 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | | Timer_A3.TA1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | |
| | | TDI/TCLK (see Note 3) | X | X | 1 | | |
| P1.7/TA2/TDO/TDI | 7 | P1.7† (I/O) | I: 0; O: 1 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | | Timer_A3.TA2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | |
| | | TDO/TDI (see Note 3) | Х | Х | 1 | | |

[†] Default after reset (PUC/POR)

NOTES: 1. N/A: Not available or not applicable.

- 2. X: Don't care.
- 3. Function controlled by JTAG.

Port P2 pin schematic: P2.0 to P2.5, input/output with Schmitt-trigger



Control Signal "From Comparator A+"

| DIV 1/445 | FUNCTION | SIGNAL "FROM COMPARATOR_A+" = 1 | | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------|---------------------------------|-------|----|-------|-------|-------|--|
| PIN NAME | | P2CA4 | P2CA0 | | P2CA3 | P2CA2 | P2CA1 | |
| P2.0/ACLK/CA2 | CA2 | 1 | 1 | | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| P2.1/INCLK/CA3 | CA3 | N/A | N/A | | 0 | 1 | 1 | |
| P2.2/CAOUT/TA0/CA4 | CA4 | N/A | N/A | OR | 1 | 0 | 0 | |
| P2.3/TA1/CA0 | CA0 | 0 | 1 | | N/A | N/A | N/A | |
| P2.4/TA2/CA1 | CA1 | 1 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| P2.5/CA5 | CA5 | N/A | N/A | | 1 | 0 | 1 | |

NOTES: 1. N/A: Not available or not applicable.



Port P2 (P2.0 to P2.5) pin functions

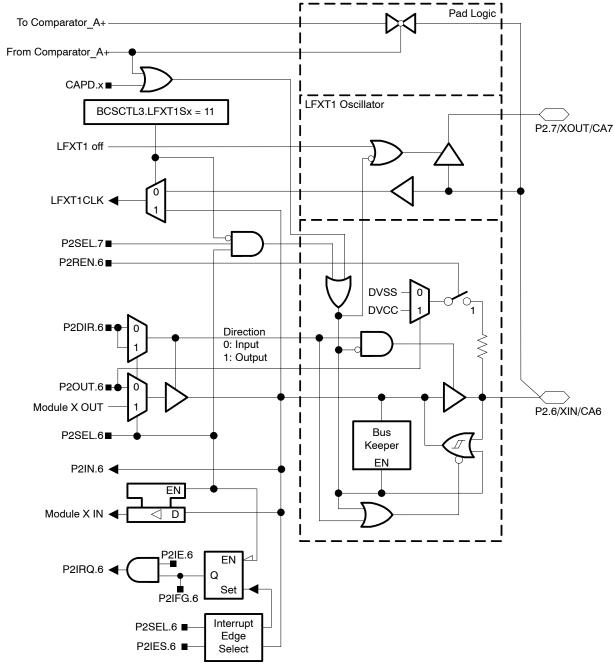
| DINI NAME (DO VO | ., | | CONT | ROL BITS / SIG | NALS |
|----------------------|----|------------------|------------|----------------|--------|
| PIN NAME (P2.X) | Х | FUNCTION | P2DIR.x | P2SEL.x | CAPD.x |
| P2.0/ACLK/CA2 | 0 | P2.0† (I/O) | l: 0; O: 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | | ACLK | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | | CA2 (see Note 3) | Х | Х | 1 |
| P2.1/INCLK/CA3 | 1 | P2.1† (I/O) | l: 0; O: 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | | Timer_A3.INCLK | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| | | DV _{SS} | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | | CA3 (see Note 3) | X | Х | 1 |
| P2.2/CAOUT/TA0/CA4 2 | | P2.2† (I/O) | l: 0; O: 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | | Timer_A3.CCI0B | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| | | CAOUT | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | | CA4 (see Note 3) | Х | Х | 1 |
| P2.3/TA1/CA0 | 3 | P2.3† (I/O) | l: 0; O: 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | | Timer_A3.TA1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | | CA0 (see Note 3) | Х | Х | 1 |
| P2.4/TA2/CA1 | 4 | P2.4† (I/O) | l: 0; O: 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | | Timer_A3.TA2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | | CA1 (see Note 3) | X | Х | 1 |
| P2.5/CA5 | 5 | P2.5† (I/O) | l: 0; O: 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | | CA5 (see Note 3) | Х | Х | 1 |

[†] Default after reset (PUC/POR)

NOTES: 1. N/A: Not available or not applicable.

- 2. X: Don't care.
- 3. Setting the CAPD.x bit disables the output driver as well as the input Schmitt trigger to prevent parasitic cross currents when applying analog signals. Selecting the CAx input pin to the comparator multiplexer with the P2CAx bits automatically disables the input buffer for that pin, regardless of the state of the associated CAPD.x bit.

Port P2 pin schematic: P2.6, input/output with Schmitt-trigger and crystal oscillator input

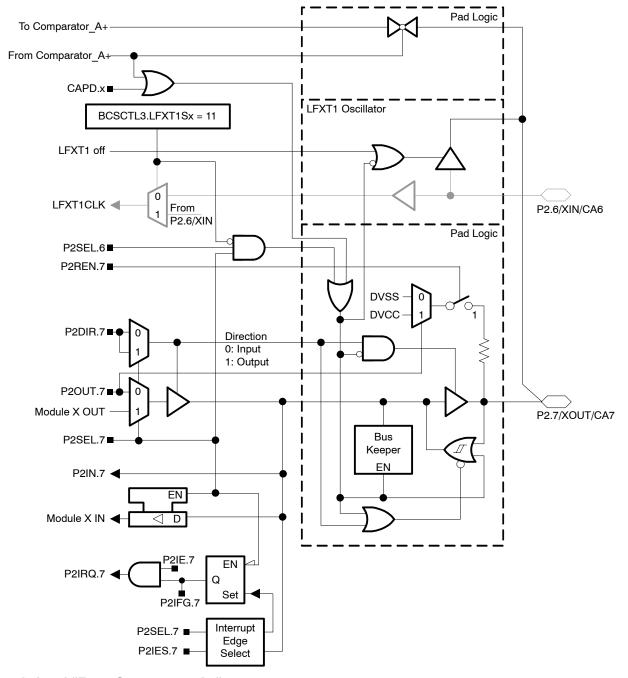


Control signal "From Comparator_A+"

| PIN NAME | FUNCTION | SIGNAL "FROM COMPARATOR_A+" | | | | | |
|--------------|----------|-----------------------------|-------|-------|--|--|--|
| | FUNCTION | P2CA3 | P2CA2 | P2CA1 | | | |
| P2.6/XIN/CA6 | CA6 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | | |



Port P2 pin schematic: P2.7, input/output with Schmitt-trigger and crystal oscillator output



Control signal "From Comparator_A+"

| DININA | FUNCTION | SIGNAL "FROM COMPARATOR_A+" = 1 | | | | | |
|---------------|----------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|--|--|--|
| PIN NAME | FUNCTION | P2CA3 | P2CA2 | P2CA1 | | | |
| P2.7/XOUT/CA7 | CA7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | |

MSP430x21x1 MIXED SIGNAL MICROCONTROLLER

SLAS439D - SEPTEMBER 2004 - REVISED SEPTEMBER 2010

Port P2 (P2.6) pin functions

| PIN NAME (P2.X) | _ | FUNCTION | CONTROL BITS / SIGNALS | | | | | | |
|-----------------|---|------------------|------------------------|---------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| | ^ | FUNCTION | P2DIR.x | P2SEL.x | CAPD.x | | | | |
| P2.6/XIN/CA6 | 6 | P2.6 (I/O) | I: 0; O: 1 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | | XIN† | X | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| | | CA6 (see Note 3) | Х | Х | 1 | | | | |

[†] Default after reset (PUC/POR)

NOTES: 1. N/A: Not available or not applicable.

- 2. X: Don't care.
- 3. Setting the CAPD.x bit disables the output driver as well as the input Schmitt trigger to prevent parasitic cross currents when applying analog signals. Selecting the CAx input pin to the comparator multiplexer with the P2CAx bits automatically disables the input buffer for that pin, regardless of the state of the associated CAPDx bit.

Port P2 (P2.7) pin functions

| PIN NAME (P2.X) | х | FUNCTION | CONTROL BITS / SIGNALS | | | | | |
|-----------------|---|--------------------|------------------------|---------|--------|--|--|--|
| | ^ | FUNCTION | P2DIR.x | P2SEL.x | CAPD.x | | | |
| P2.7/XOUT/CA7 | 6 | P2.7 (I/O) | I: 0; O: 1 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | | XOUT† (see Note 4) | X | 1 | 0 | | | |
| | | CA7 (see Note 3) | Х | X | 1 | | | |

[†] Default after reset (PUC/POR)

NOTES: 1. N/A: Not available or not applicable.

- 2. X: Don't care.
- 3. Setting the CAPD.x bit disables the output driver as well as the input Schmitt trigger to prevent parasitic cross currents when applying analog signals. Selecting the CAx input pin to the comparator multiplexer with the P2CAx bits automatically disables the input buffer for that pin, regardless of the state of the associated CAPD.x bit.
- 4. If the pin XOUT/P2.7/CA7 is used as an input a current can flow until P2SEL.7 is cleared due to the oscillator output driver connection to this pin after reset.



JTAG fuse check mode

MSP430 devices that have the fuse on the TEST terminal have a fuse check mode that tests the continuity of the fuse the first time the JTAG port is accessed after a power-on reset (POR). When activated, a fuse check current, I_{TF} , of 1 mA at 3 V, 2.5 mA at 5 V can flow from the TEST pin to ground if the fuse is not burned. Care must be taken to avoid accidentally activating the fuse check mode and increasing overall system power consumption.

When the TEST pin is again taken low after a test or programming session, the fuse check mode and sense currents are terminated.

Activation of the fuse check mode occurs with the first negative edge on the TMS pin after power up or if TMS is being held low during power up. The second positive edge on the TMS pin deactivates the fuse check mode. After deactivation, the fuse check mode remains inactive until another POR occurs. After each POR the fuse check mode has the potential to be activated.

The fuse check current will only flow when the fuse check mode is active and the TMS pin is in a low state (see Figure 22). Therefore, the additional current flow can be prevented by holding the TMS pin high (default condition).

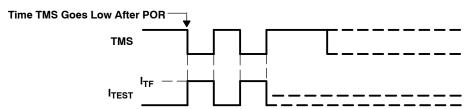


Figure 22. Fuse Check Mode Current, MSP430F21x1

NOTE

The CODE and RAM data protection is ensured if the JTAG fuse is blown and the 256-bit bootloader access key is used. Also, see the *bootstrap loader* section for more information.



SLAS439D - SEPTEMBER 2004 - REVISED SEPTEMBER 2010

Data Sheet Revision History

| LITERATURE NUMBER | SUMMARY |
|----------------------|---|
| SLAS439 | Preliminary PRODUCT PREVIEW data sheet release. |
| SLAS439A | MSP430x21x1 production data sheet release. |
| SLAS439B | Corrected instruction cycle time to 62.5ns, pg 1 Updated Figure 1. Operating Area, pg 12 Updated Figures 2 and 3, pg 13 $R_{Pull} \text{ unit corrected from "} \Omega" \text{ to "k} \Omega", \text{ pg 15} \\ \text{Max load current specification and Note 3 removed from "outputs" table, pg 16} \\ \text{MIN and MAX percentages for "calibrated DCO frequencies - tolerance over supply voltage VCC" corrected from 2.5% to 3% to match the specified frequency ranges., pg 22} \\$ |
| SLAS439C | MSP430x21x1T production data sheet release. 105°C characterization results added. |
| SLAS439D | Corrected Timer_A2 to Timer_A3 and added TACCR2 to Interrupt Flag column in "interrupt vector addresses", pg 6 |

NOTE: Page and figure numbers apply to the specified document revision and may differ in other revisions.





www.ti.com 15-Oct-2009

PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status ⁽¹⁾ | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | e Eco Plan ⁽²⁾ | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾ |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| MSP430F2101IDGV | ACTIVE | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 90 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2101IDGVR | ACTIVE | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2101IDW | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 20 | 25 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2101IDWR | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2101IPW | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 70 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2101IPWR | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2101IRGER | ACTIVE | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2101IRGET | ACTIVE | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2101TDGV | ACTIVE | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 90 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2101TDGVR | ACTIVE | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2101TDW | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 20 | 25 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2101TDWR | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2101TPW | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 70 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2101TPWR | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2101TRGER | ACTIVE | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2101TRGET | ACTIVE | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2111IDGV | ACTIVE | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 90 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2111IDGVR | ACTIVE | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2111IDW | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 20 | 25 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2111IDWR | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2111IPW | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 70 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2111IPWR | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2111IRGER | ACTIVE | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2111IRGET | ACTIVE | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2111TDGV | ACTIVE | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 90 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

www.ti.com 15-Oct-2009

| Orderable Device | Status ⁽¹⁾ | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | e Eco Plan ⁽²⁾ | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾ |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| MSP430F2111TDGVR | ACTIVE | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2111TDW | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 20 | 25 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2111TDWR | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2111TPW | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 70 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2111TPWR | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2111TRGER | ACTIVE | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2111TRGET | ACTIVE | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2121IDGV | ACTIVE | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 90 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2121IDGVR | ACTIVE | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2121IDW | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 20 | 25 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2121IDWR | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2121IPW | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 70 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2121IPWR | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2121IRGER | ACTIVE | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2121IRGET | ACTIVE | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2121TDGV | ACTIVE | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 90 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2121TDGVR | ACTIVE | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2121TDW | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 20 | 25 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2121TDWR | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2121TPW | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 70 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2121TPWR | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2121TRGER | ACTIVE | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2121TRGET | ACTIVE | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2131IDGV | ACTIVE | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 90 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2131IDGVR | ACTIVE | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2131IDW | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 20 | 25 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |

PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

www.ti.com 15-Oct-2009

| Orderable Device | Status ⁽¹⁾ | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | e Eco Plan ⁽²⁾ | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾ |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| MSP430F2131IDWR | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2131IPW | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 70 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2131IPWR | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2131IRGER | ACTIVE | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2131IRGET | ACTIVE | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2131TDGV | ACTIVE | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 90 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2131TDGVR | ACTIVE | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2131TDW | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 20 | 25 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2131TDWR | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2131TPW | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 70 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2131TPWR | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| MSP430F2131TRGER | ACTIVE | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| MSP430F2131TRGET | ACTIVE | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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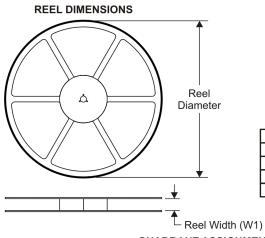
PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

15-Oct-2009 www.ti.com In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 12-Feb-2011

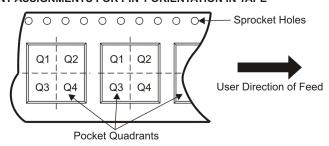
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



TAPE DIMENSIONS KO P1 BO W Cavity A0

| | Dimension designed to accommodate the component width |
|----|---|
| B0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component length |
| K0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness |
| W | Overall width of the carrier tape |
| P1 | Pitch between successive cavity centers |

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| MSP430F2101IDGVR | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2101IDWR | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 24.4 | 10.8 | 13.0 | 2.7 | 12.0 | 24.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2101IPWR | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.95 | 7.1 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2101IRGER | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 1.15 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q2 |
| MSP430F2101IRGET | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | 180.0 | 12.4 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 1.15 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q2 |
| MSP430F2101TDGVR | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2101TDWR | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 24.4 | 10.8 | 13.0 | 2.7 | 12.0 | 24.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2101TPWR | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.95 | 7.1 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2101TRGER | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 1.15 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q2 |
| MSP430F2101TRGET | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | 180.0 | 12.4 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 1.15 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q2 |
| MSP430F2111IDWR | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 24.4 | 10.8 | 13.0 | 2.7 | 12.0 | 24.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2111IPWR | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.95 | 7.1 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2111IRGER | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 1.15 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q2 |
| MSP430F2111IRGET | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | 180.0 | 12.4 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 1.15 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q2 |
| MSP430F2111TDGVR | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2111TDWR | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 24.4 | 10.8 | 13.0 | 2.7 | 12.0 | 24.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2111TPWR | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.95 | 7.1 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2111TRGER | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 1.15 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q2 |



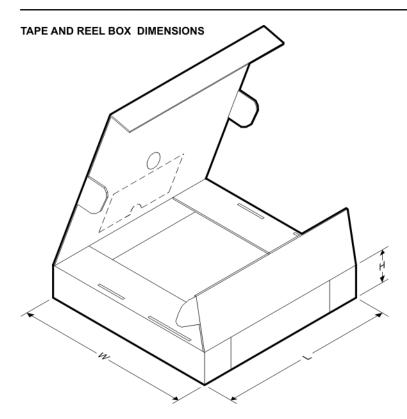
PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| MSP430F2111TRGET | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | 180.0 | 12.4 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 1.15 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q2 |
| MSP430F2121IDGVR | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2121IDWR | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 24.4 | 10.8 | 13.0 | 2.7 | 12.0 | 24.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2121IPWR | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.95 | 7.1 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2121IRGER | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 1.15 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q2 |
| MSP430F2121IRGET | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | 180.0 | 12.4 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 1.15 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q2 |
| MSP430F2121TDGVR | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2121TDWR | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 24.4 | 10.8 | 13.0 | 2.7 | 12.0 | 24.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2121TPWR | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.95 | 7.1 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2121TRGER | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 1.15 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q2 |
| MSP430F2121TRGET | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | 180.0 | 12.4 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 1.15 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q2 |
| MSP430F2131IDGVR | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2131IDWR | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 24.4 | 10.8 | 13.0 | 2.7 | 12.0 | 24.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2131IPWR | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.95 | 7.1 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2131IRGER | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 1.15 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q2 |
| MSP430F2131IRGET | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | 180.0 | 12.4 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 1.15 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q2 |
| MSP430F2131TDGVR | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2131TDWR | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 24.4 | 10.8 | 13.0 | 2.7 | 12.0 | 24.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2131TPWR | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.95 | 7.1 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |
| MSP430F2131TRGER | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 1.15 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q2 |
| MSP430F2131TRGET | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | 180.0 | 12.4 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 1.15 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q2 |



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*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| MSP430F2101IDGVR | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| MSP430F2101IDWR | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 41.0 |
| MSP430F2101IPWR | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 33.0 |
| MSP430F2101IRGER | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| MSP430F2101IRGET | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | 190.5 | 212.7 | 31.8 |
| MSP430F2101TDGVR | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| MSP430F2101TDWR | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 41.0 |
| MSP430F2101TPWR | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 33.0 |
| MSP430F2101TRGER | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| MSP430F2101TRGET | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | 190.5 | 212.7 | 31.8 |
| MSP430F2111IDWR | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 41.0 |
| MSP430F2111IPWR | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 33.0 |
| MSP430F2111IRGER | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| MSP430F2111IRGET | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | 190.5 | 212.7 | 31.8 |
| MSP430F2111TDGVR | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| MSP430F2111TDWR | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 41.0 |
| MSP430F2111TPWR | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 33.0 |
| MSP430F2111TRGER | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| MSP430F2111TRGET | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | 190.5 | 212.7 | 31.8 |
| MSP430F2121IDGVR | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |



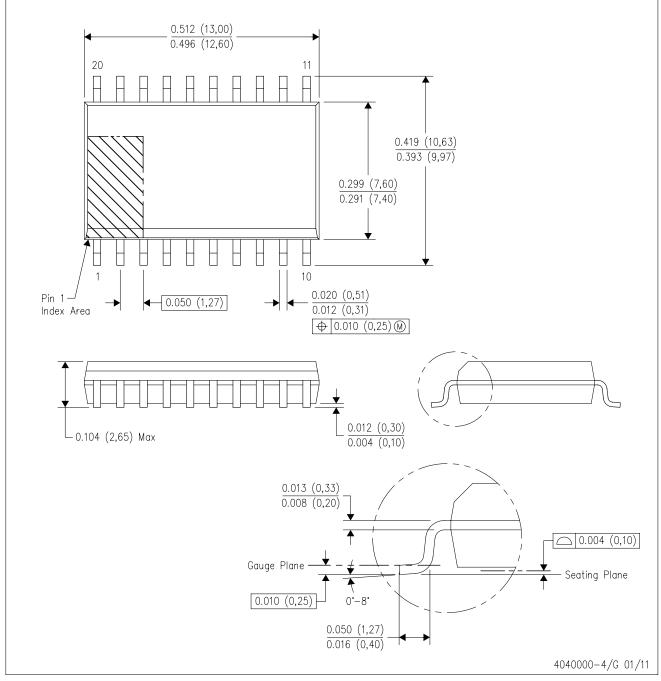
PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| MSP430F2121IDWR | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 41.0 |
| MSP430F2121IPWR | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 33.0 |
| MSP430F2121IRGER | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| MSP430F2121IRGET | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | 190.5 | 212.7 | 31.8 |
| MSP430F2121TDGVR | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| MSP430F2121TDWR | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 41.0 |
| MSP430F2121TPWR | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 33.0 |
| MSP430F2121TRGER | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| MSP430F2121TRGET | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | 190.5 | 212.7 | 31.8 |
| MSP430F2131IDGVR | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| MSP430F2131IDWR | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 41.0 |
| MSP430F2131IPWR | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 33.0 |
| MSP430F2131IRGER | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| MSP430F2131IRGET | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | 190.5 | 212.7 | 31.8 |
| MSP430F2131TDGVR | TVSOP | DGV | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| MSP430F2131TDWR | SOIC | DW | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 41.0 |
| MSP430F2131TPWR | TSSOP | PW | 20 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 33.0 |
| MSP430F2131TRGER | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 3000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| MSP430F2131TRGET | VQFN | RGE | 24 | 250 | 190.5 | 212.7 | 31.8 |

DW (R-PDSO-G20)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



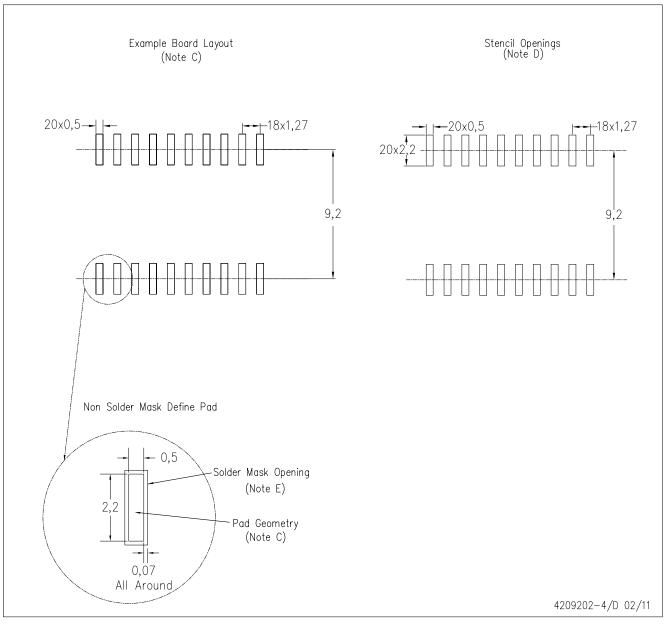
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters). Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
- D. Falls within JEDEC MS-013 variation AC.



DW (R-PDSO-G20)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



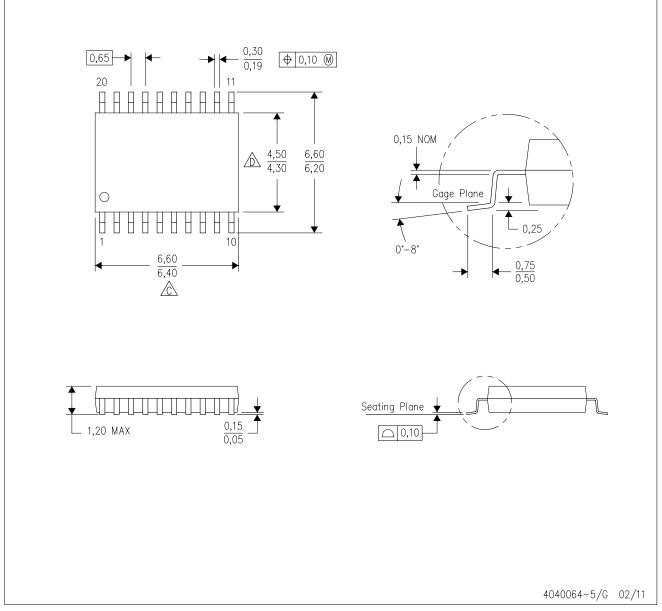
NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



PW (R-PDSO-G20)

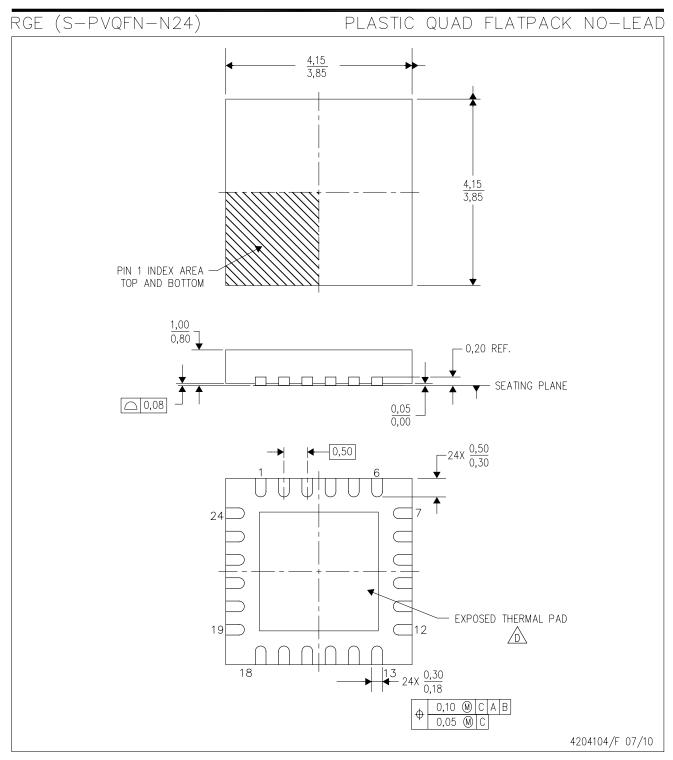
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153





- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Quad Flatpack, No-Leads (QFN) package configuration.
 - The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.

See the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad dimensions.

E. Falls within JEDEC MO-220.



RGE (S-PVQFN-N24)

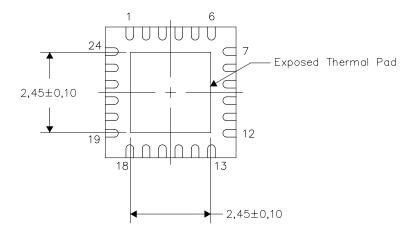
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

Bottom View

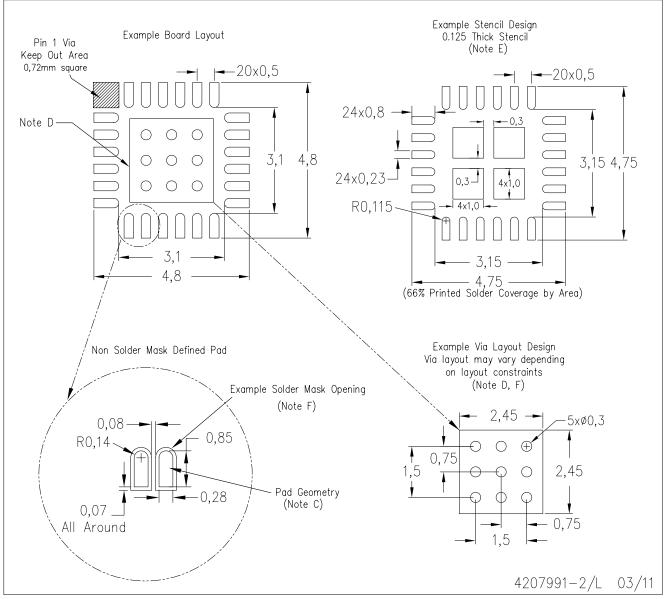
4206344-3/X 03/11

NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters



RGE (S-PVQFN-N24)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat—Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com http://www.ti.com.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design
- F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for recommended solder mask tolerances and via tenting recommendations for vias placed in the thermal pad.



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